

SUBMISSION: (all mentioned attachments may be forwarded upon request)

1. My name is Dr. Narelle Dawson-Wells. I am an Australian born in 1951. Across 2008-2009 I was the Deputy Director of Crime and Public Policy within the R&P Unit of the Qld Crime and Misconduct Commission (CMC- now re-named the CCC).
2. My qualifications and senior positions held include;

Ph.D. (Massey University NZ) M.Soc.Sc (First Hons.) B.Ed. Post Graduate Dip. Psych. (Clinical) Dip. Education; Dip. Teaching; Diploma of Theology; Diploma of Early Childhood Education and Care; Cert 111 in Early Childhood Education and Care;
Cognitive Behavioural Therapist (Waikato University NZ) & Rational Emotive Behaviour Therapist (Victoria University Wellington NZ)
Currently Registered (2022) Clinical Psychologist (not practicing at this time)
Former Registered Primary School Teacher No. 858442 (Australia) and in NZ.
ACC Accredited Sexual Abuse Counsellor (NZ)
Diagnostic and Treatment Assessor (Accident Compensation Commission Reg. NZ).
Police Victim Support Accredited (NZ).
Former - Deputy Director- (Research and Prevention)-Crime and Public Policy, Crime and Misconduct Commission –Australia
Former National Manager Advocacy and Research-Abused Child Trust-Australia
Former National Professional Consultant, Special Education Services, NZ
Former Chairperson-World Children's Issues Committee-sponsored by the United Nations
Former Secretary-World 2009 NGO Conference-sponsored by the United Nations
Winner- Australasia Best Writer Award in the area of Social Justice (ARPAA).

3. Copied within this document is the [REDACTED] [Lawyers letter of 6 October 2017 \(pages 61-103\)](#) to Officer [REDACTED], who works in the Ethical Standards Command (ESC) of the Qld Police Service (QPS). It contains critical CCC related evidence of corruption and 'some' of the crimes committed by Police Officer [REDACTED]. This legal letter is submitted to show the **failure by the CCC to honour the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001 including s49***. The CCC refused to investigate [REDACTED] under the 'devolution' process instead referring [REDACTED] back to be investigated by the **QPS/ESC which is the very unit in which Officer [REDACTED] works**. Caesar investigating Caesar never works. The culture of protecting the backs of your colleagues is entrenched within the QPS and is clearly indicated by the almost zero number of substantiations of complaints about Police, coming out of the ESC.
4. However, later evidence revealed that the CCC 'did' investigate [REDACTED] and refused to charge her, despite charging Police Officers [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] for alleged crimes and offences which paled in comparison to the known and 'admitted' crimes and offences of Officer [REDACTED]. **Despite multiple RTI requests the Police and CCC have refused to disclose to me the 'outcome reports' of both the CCC and QPS investigations into Police Officer [REDACTED]**

A brief related history to relevant issues highlighted in this submission. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]

5. In 2009 I reported to Police that I was sexually assaulted by my boss, [REDACTED], in the boardroom and car park. [REDACTED] had offered me a **\$40 million** operating budget to set up a Treatment and Research Centre for suicidal and highly sensitive youth at [REDACTED] newly established [REDACTED]
6. After working for around 40 years in child protection and suicide prevention, this was my dream job so I resigned from my CCC role as Deputy Director. For background evidence of my work see [Dr. Dawson-Wells Endorsements and my CV docs](#).
7. The [REDACTED] was 'not' entitled to receive deductible gifts but for years [REDACTED] claimed donations on line and in person for this 'Research Centre' that **never existed**. **The CCC failed to address this fraud plus other serious crimes and offences.**
8. I was the 'only' employee at [REDACTED]
9. 7 days into the job and following a Board meeting in one of [REDACTED] many hotel Boardrooms, I experienced the most frightening trauma of my life.
10. Within '3 hours' of emailing the Board and informing them what [REDACTED] had done to me, one of [REDACTED] many lawyers, [REDACTED], emailed me a 'termination' letter suggesting that I had misrepresented my qualifications.... Therefore my employment contract was terminated. Of course I had not misrepresented my qualifications or previous work experiences.
11. I was constructively dismissed by [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] lawyer, because I had dared to report my multimillionaire, well connected boss for sexual assault.
12. [REDACTED] then used [REDACTED] **'secret connections' within the CCC** which were not to come to light for many many years.
13. The CCC did however document for [REDACTED] that my CV and qualifications were valid after [REDACTED] made an RTI application to them. My termination breached the very [REDACTED] Constitution that lawyer [REDACTED] had written. [REDACTED] also was a Director of the [REDACTED] and one of [REDACTED] best mates. **Conflict of interest issues and breaches of criminal and human rights law, abound in this case.**
14. **In 2010 mega millionaire [REDACTED] was charged with sexually assaulting me 7 days into my new job in the workplace boardroom and in a car park.**
15. My WorkCover (WC) claim for sexual assault and harassment in the workplace was successful and WC gave me the maximum payout. This is rare, but the evidence spoke for itself.

16. [REDACTED] lawyer [REDACTED] offered me **\$830,000-00** to stop litigation; I refused that offer which was made to me several times from various law firms.
17. [REDACTED] wrote in the 29.9.2010 'Settlement' offer (which I refused) that my claim to WorkCover was **"VALID"**.
18. In 2010 I married former Qld Attorney-General [REDACTED] who helped to introduce the reforms outlined in Tony Fitzgerald's 1989 Report which was written against a backdrop of Police corruption in Qld.
19. [REDACTED] has always believed that the actions taken against me by **Police Officer [REDACTED]**, several years after I reported the workplace sexual assault by **mega millionaire [REDACTED]**, were grounded in a 'deep dislike' for [REDACTED] by many Qld Police after he aided in the implementation of the Fitzgerald Reforms. 'Pay back' in other words. Multiple barristers, solicitors and legal academics have stated that there is no precedent in case law for the Police/CCC actions taken against me.
20. Law Professor [REDACTED] has stated to the ABC that the actions taken against me are responsible for many sexually assaulted victims refusing to report
<https://youtu.be/31gKk0FtR0s>
<https://ab.co/3iQQWy2>
https://www.abc.net.au/news/2021-06-17/former-crime-agency-official-sexual-assault-case/100013962?utm_source=abc_news_web&utm_medium=content_shared&utm_campaign=abc_news_web
21. I believe that there is robust evidence to support the view that Officer [REDACTED] is simply a **corrupt Police Officer who meets the CCC Act 2001 definition of corruption and misconduct** (supported in a letter from **CCC lawyer [REDACTED]** -copied later in this doc.).
22. Officer [REDACTED] 'benefitted' from doing the bidding of [REDACTED] who asked [REDACTED] to take on the perjury case against me. Officer [REDACTED] is a close friend of [REDACTED] **lawyer, [REDACTED]**, who works for [REDACTED] and is also a QPS lawyer.
23. [REDACTED] who has already appeared before the CCC in relation to [REDACTED] appalling conduct in the [REDACTED] case, chose [REDACTED] from the **Child Sexual Assault Unit** to run a 'perjury' case against me. A Police email confirms it is not the task of the CSAU to investigate perjury! (**The CSAU** is a unit never before tasked with running a perjury case).
24. DPP Prosecutor [REDACTED] who worked with Officer [REDACTED], noted in several documents to the DPP and Police that the perjury case against me **"was not a case of perjury of false complaint of sexual assault"**. So at all times the DPP, the Police and the CCC knew that I was a victim of sexual assault.
25. The **9.6.2015** final indictment against me was based on 'ONE' sexual particular, that I allegedly lied about having a sexual relationship with [REDACTED] on 15 August 2009. It was only after years of litigation where I initiated multiple 590AA hearings and RTI applications to force Officer [REDACTED] and the CCC to disclose information, and only after the DPP realised the multiple crimes and offences committed by Officer [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] that on **20 June 2017** the court

dismissed [REDACTED] charge against me after the DPP recommended that the unsubstantiated case be dropped before we went to trial.

26. I now will provide specific evidence against the CCC in relation to the scope of the Inquiry including;

Failure by the CCC to take mandated action against DPP Prosecutor [REDACTED]
which was highlighted when two former Supreme Court Judges, [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] new boss, [REDACTED] in 2019 deemed [REDACTED] conduct so serious that a Formal Inquiry was held in [REDACTED]

Failure by the CCC to take mandated action against corrupt Police Officer [REDACTED]
which was highlighted when a 2018 internal Police investigation into 'some' of [REDACTED] crimes found Officer [REDACTED] 'guilty' of breaching the Qld Criminal Code.

Failure by the CCC to investigate the money trail between [REDACTED] and corrupt former Police Officer [REDACTED]
when 3 CCC Officials wrote statements for [REDACTED] supporting [REDACTED], while [REDACTED] was a charged sex offender and while [REDACTED] was on the criminal investigation radar of the CCC and while these 3 CCC officials worked at the CCC.

Failure by the CCC to investigate whether monies from the proceeds of crime were used as donations to the [REDACTED] Hospital, where [REDACTED] funds a [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] mate, [REDACTED] took the kudos of benefitting from [REDACTED] millions contingent upon keeping quiet about watching [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] illegally enter the home of a small woman, [REDACTED] and viciously beat her.

I understand that the Commission of Inquiry has been established to inquire into specific matters relating to the Crime and Corruption Commission as set out in the terms of reference <https://www.cccinquiry.qld.gov.au/about/terms-of-reference>.

I further understand that under its terms of reference, the Commission of Inquiry is required to inquire into and report on the adequacy and appropriateness of:

- The structure of the Crime and Corruption Commission in relation to the use of seconded police officers;
- Legislation, procedures, practices and processes relating to the charging and prosecution of criminal offences for serious crime and corruption in the context of Crime and Corruption Commission investigations; and
- section 49 (Reports about complaints dealt with by the commission) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001*.

The Commission of Inquiry is required to make recommendations concerning legislative, structural, procedural and organisational changes to the Crime and Corruption Act (and any other material legislation) and the structure, organisation, procedures, practices and processes of the Crime and Corruption Commission in respect of the above matters to promote the ability of the Crime and Corruption Commission to carry out its statutory functions in a way that is independent, efficient, effective, objective, fair, impartial and meets the public interest and the highest standards of integrity and impartiality and protects and promotes human rights including the rights protected under the *Human Rights Act 2019*.

27. The CCC failed to take action against the DPP Prosecutor [REDACTED] and Police Officer [REDACTED] when the CCC learned the following;

-that the DPP Prosecutor [REDACTED] had deliberately lied to the court when [REDACTED] declared on 9 June 2015 that Dr Dawson-Wells had a sexual relationship with [REDACTED] on 15 August 2009, when [REDACTED] already had been given an urgently requested signed statement from [REDACTED] taken by Officer [REDACTED] on 27 May 2015 noting that there was no sexual relationship on 15 August 2009! As [REDACTED] had documented that [REDACTED] Full Brief of Evidence was "devoid of Detail" [REDACTED] had instructed [REDACTED] to take a new Police Statement from [REDACTED] to gain evidence of a 'sexual relationship'. (See [Hon. \[REDACTED\] Alleged Crimes and Offences.doc.](#) and '[DPP concerns prior to \[REDACTED\] Inquiry](#)') [REDACTED]

-that in the 27 May 2015 transcript of the [REDACTED] Police interview (only disclosed to me at the [REDACTED] Formal Inquiry in [REDACTED], [REDACTED] tells [REDACTED] 'twice' that [REDACTED] is "awaiting this report", so there is no doubt that [REDACTED] would have been eager to read this new [REDACTED] statement that [REDACTED] had requested before [REDACTED] went to court on 9 June 2015. The CCC ignored the fact that [REDACTED] either lied to the court or was acting maliciously or negligently. This transcript and audio evidence will bring shudders to any legal practitioner who honours the criminal law and laws around human rights as [REDACTED] keeps telling [REDACTED] [REDACTED] can't remember, [REDACTED] continues to provide inconsistencies and recent inventions which conflict with previous statements taken by [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] conduct is disturbed. The final Police statement does not reflect the serious interview content. [REDACTED] cannot answer questions about [REDACTED] address etc., yet [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] continue to prosecute me for a further 2 years (See '[27 May 2015 Police Interview Transcript](#)' [and audio] and '[Legal issues re. \[REDACTED\] 27 May 2015 interview with \[REDACTED\]](#)' doc.).

-that in the audio and transcript of the 27 May interview, [REDACTED] 'refers to' the 17 February 2012 [REDACTED] statement (which is in the room). [REDACTED] has been telling the Defence and the DPP (see page 51 of this submission) that it; "*was not in [REDACTED] possession*". [REDACTED] deliberately secreted this critical evidence from 9 August 2013 when [REDACTED] gave it to her until [REDACTED] was forced by the court to disclose it to me on 20.1.2017. The CCC failed to investigate this '4 YEAR' deliberate abuse of power and misconduct in public office and deliberate obstruction of justice and they continue to allow [REDACTED] to work in the Ethical Standards Command of the QPS. (See [REDACTED] documents in AUG 2013 [REDACTED] has [REDACTED] Prep for Trial 2012 Statement and Enclosure 8' and [REDACTED] -A brief outline o [REDACTED] Travesty of Justice')

-that [REDACTED] also told [REDACTED] that [REDACTED] "*cannot refer to this [critical 17.2.2012] statement*" [from which [REDACTED] is coaching [REDACTED], "*when [REDACTED] goes to court*". After using this 17.2.2012 [REDACTED] statement in the 27 May 2015 interview, [REDACTED] continues to tell the DPP that the statement is not in [REDACTED] possession. (See' [REDACTED] -Evidence that Police officer [REDACTED] is guilty of crimes and misconduct).

-that by 27 May 2015 [REDACTED] knew that [REDACTED] had a corrupt police investigator who was clearly hiding evidence and perverting the course of justice by telling the only possible eye witness to the charge that [REDACTED] must not refer to [REDACTED] 2012 statement when [REDACTED] goes to court (as this 17.2.2012 statement clearly showed that the charge should never have proceeded). [REDACTED] had further evidence from [REDACTED] [REDACTED] lawyers, who told [REDACTED] to admit to what [REDACTED] did to me and pay up (see '[Police \[REDACTED\] meets with \[REDACTED\] 10.1.2014](#)'). Despite knowing [REDACTED] had assaulted me, [REDACTED] had me arrested on 2 April 2014.

-that Despite [REDACTED] giving [REDACTED] [REDACTED] 17 February 2012 'confession' statement on 9 August 2013 documenting that [REDACTED] lied about the evening of the reported sexual assault and that [REDACTED] had never

had a sexual relationship with me; on 26 November 2013 [REDACTED] processed an arrest warrant for me (without ever speaking to me)!

-that although [REDACTED] own [REDACTED] lawyers told [REDACTED] on 10.1.2014 that they told [REDACTED] to admit his crime, [REDACTED] still had me publicly arrested in my husband's former electorate on 2 April 2014. When the CCC learned that Police Officer [REDACTED] who in 2018 investigated [REDACTED], stated that *"if the evidence [REDACTED] had when she charged me had been given to [REDACTED] or to any other Officer, the case would never have proceeded"*, the CCC refused to investigate all the issues around maladministration, malfeasance, misfeasance and malice within the functions of the DPP and the QPS.

- that Officer [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] colleague [REDACTED] told a barrister and solicitor that I *"did not need to be interviewed as [REDACTED] had so many 'influential' witnesses"*. [REDACTED] gave great gravitas to the statements of 3 CCC Officials who had provided statements for [REDACTED] hired former Police Officer [REDACTED] (while they worked at the CCC) and while [REDACTED] was on the CCC criminal investigation radar. These CCC officials had never met [REDACTED] before I resigned from the CCC, but after I blew the whistle on appalling racism at the CCC, and two of these 3 CCC officials were stood down, they decided to find my new boss and cause trouble - hence their involvement with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]

-that the CCC failed to investigate [REDACTED] who now blames [REDACTED] for [REDACTED] overwhelming workload which led to the 'mistakes' [REDACTED] admits to making in my case.

28. A further related concern involves the Parliamentary Crime and Corruption Committee (PCCC). This agency that monitors the CCC has failed to address serious issues within the CCC (See [PCCC Complaint and Evidence for the CCC \[REDACTED\] Inquiry' and my email to the PCCC on 21 March 2022](#)). It seems incapable of performing the role for which it was designed, for in my case, directives were given to the CCC from the PCCC re the release of the [REDACTED] Report into one of the 3 CCC Officials involved with [REDACTED], but the CCC for years has failed to comply with the PCCC directive.

29. The CCC refused to investigate [REDACTED] when they realised that [REDACTED] charged me despite knowing that [REDACTED] 'only possible eye witness' to the charge was a known violent offender and a perjurer with many motives to lie. [REDACTED] was on the [REDACTED] and had visited Rome. While beating [REDACTED] and assaulting me, [REDACTED] was turning another woman into a saint....a sinning saint maker!

30. The CCC failed to act when they knew that [REDACTED] had the 17 February 2012 [REDACTED] signed a statement which [REDACTED] gave to [REDACTED] on 9 August 2013 for 109 days before she processed an arrest warrant for me on 26 November 2013. That statement controverted [REDACTED] charge.

31. [REDACTED] then deliberately secreted that signed [REDACTED] statement from the courts, from the DPP and from me for 1261 days, while documenting to the DPP that [REDACTED] had no more statements in [REDACTED] possession.

32. [REDACTED] kept the [REDACTED] provenance of the charge letter from me for 1256 days. The CCC failed to act when they knew that both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] had kept critical evidence from me which in turn had serious implications for expensive 590AA Hearings and hiring lawyers

when, if the evidence had been provided years earlier, the case against me would never have proceeded in the first place.

33. The CCC also knew that complaints had been made by the Law Society [REDACTED] who was threatened by [REDACTED]. They knew from multiple signed affidavits, from Police Statements, Police photographs taken post the [REDACTED] beating of [REDACTED] and from breached Court Orders (plus many other sources), that [REDACTED] had a long history of assaulting women, of threatening to kill women, to harm the children of [REDACTED] victims and then lying about it! (See [REDACTED] [Criminal History](#) Doc.)
34. Considering that I have an exemplary work history with over 40 years of treating children, training health, legal and educational professionals in the protection of children and have worked with governments to introduce more effective child protection laws; I consider an investigation run from a 'Child Sexual Assault Unit' (CSAU) to be particularly sickening and damaging. (See [Dr Dawson-Wells Endorsement doc.](#) and [CV doc.](#)). The CCC failed to address why the CSAU was involved in charging me with unsubstantiated perjury.
35. I have no history of committing any crimes and my children have been raised to honour the law. Of my 4 daughters one is [REDACTED] working in human rights, another worked at the [REDACTED] helping to prevent paedophilia, another is a [REDACTED] solicitor and [REDACTED] Mediator and another is a Veterinary Surgeon. All my girls took on additional work to help pay my legal fees when [REDACTED] and I had used up all our savings and super. One daughter with 2 small babies re-mortgaged her home and I sold our family home in order to fight Officer [REDACTED] 'devoid of detail' charge [REDACTED]'s words).
36. [REDACTED] also believed that the CCC failed to enforce the laws and regulations under which the CCC is mandated to operate - including the Parliamentary' intentions' of those laws. [REDACTED]
[REDACTED]
37. The reported sexual assailant, mega millionaire [REDACTED] hired 4 law firms and multiple barristers to legally fight and intimidate me. They did all they could to reduce my credit and mock and minimise my work while I spent 6 days in the witness box at [REDACTED] criminal trial. [REDACTED] was given a Nolle Prosequi. From the time I met [REDACTED] he gloated about his 'influential connections' within the Qld Police Service (QPS) and Judiciary.
38. This submission clearly identifies that in relation to section 49 (Reports about complaints dealt with by the commission) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001*, CCC [REDACTED]..dismally failed in their responsibilities to not only honour the Act but to honour the 'parliamentary intentions' of the Act.
39. [REDACTED] has a history of beating women, of threatening to kill and to harm the children of his victims (see [REDACTED] [Criminal History 1](#)'). Signed affidavits confirm [REDACTED] multiple crimes and offences. Officer [REDACTED] had access to all of this information.

40. The CCC [REDACTED] did not want the corruption and misconduct of their Officers to become public. After the CCC would not provide me with requested information about the outcome investigation into [REDACTED] plus other evidence required for me to seek justice, I initiated legal action under the RTI Act against the CCC.
41. CCC lawyer [REDACTED] told me that if I stopped the legal action that [REDACTED] would do all he could to get me the CCC information I wanted.
42. When I naively stopped the action [REDACTED] placed a non-publication order on me. [REDACTED] did not give me the information sought and the CCC refused to let me speak at the IMPALA Hearings. My IMPALA Submission comes under the non-publication order. Within my IMPALA submission I named the 3 CCC officials who had sought out [REDACTED] and supported [REDACTED] when [REDACTED] was a charged sex offender. I revealed that the most senior of these CCC Officials had then invited [REDACTED] to [REDACTED] home and partied with [REDACTED] on the evening my husband lost his parliamentary seat after 30 years of service.
43. That information on the involvement of CCC Officials with [REDACTED] had been given to [REDACTED] in the CCC Officials draft Police Statements, but [REDACTED] deleted this sensitive but critical evidence from her Full Brief of Evidence. I only understood the full sinister nature of the CCC involvement when [REDACTED] was forced to give me evidence at his Formal Inquiry.
44. [REDACTED] didn't want anyone to know that their employees had liaised with corrupt former Police Officer [REDACTED] because the CCC was taking [REDACTED] to trial for serious crimes including money laundering and intimidation of witnesses.
45. The CCC refused to give me information on the money trail between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and whether proceeds of crime had been donated to the [REDACTED] from [REDACTED] via [REDACTED] [REDACTED] who was the [REDACTED] Chairman and witness to [REDACTED] beating of [REDACTED]
46. [REDACTED] chose to protect their image over protecting a sexual assault victim from a malicious prosecution. They then used the law to punish me further with a non-publication order.
47. I had requested an investigation into the CCC [REDACTED] and another senior CCC official for their treatment of Aboriginal staff and for the re-direction of government money away from Aboriginal research to [REDACTED]).
48. When I was the CCC Deputy Director, I had reported that the very senior CCC official had stated that [REDACTED] and that a CCC [REDACTED] employee was told that she was *"going to get a 'BELTING' when she went in for her performance review"*.
49. After knowing about [REDACTED] I was appalled that such things were said to [REDACTED] at the CCC.
50. Two of these 3 CCC officials who liaised with [REDACTED] were stood down by [REDACTED] [REDACTED] and 1 remains working at the CCC.

51. After these CCC officials went to find my new boss [REDACTED] with a 'revenge agenda' for blowing the whistle on their conduct; the most senior CCC Official had several dinners with [REDACTED] in their mutual homes. [REDACTED] gave great weight to their statements to support [REDACTED] but they had no idea of my contacts with [REDACTED]. They simply knew they could use their gravitas as CCC Officials to influence [REDACTED] to believe [REDACTED].
52. These 3 CCC Officials Statements used in [REDACTED] 2012 criminal trial that were provided by [REDACTED] were secretly delivered (along with other documents) in what DPP prosecutor [REDACTED] called a 'mystery envelope' by [REDACTED] to be used against me in the 'expected' 2017 perjury trial. [REDACTED] is currently investigating [REDACTED] actions with [REDACTED] with the DPP and with the 'mystery' envelope.
53. In [REDACTED] 28 September 2016 email to the DPP (pp3 and page 83 of this submission), [REDACTED] claims that [REDACTED] has no knowledge of [REDACTED] yet when [REDACTED] finally disclosed some of the statements taken for [REDACTED] via [REDACTED], the bottom of the statements had been tampered with removing the [REDACTED] details. The CCC ignored this information.
54. It is also believed that [REDACTED] tampered with evidence regarding a Qld Rail body cam video.
55. S49 allows for the CCC to refer to the Chief Magistrate issues of corruption or misconduct. The CCC did not refer [REDACTED] I wrote to the Chief Magistrate regarding [REDACTED].
56. S49 allows for the CCC to refer a matter of corruption or misconduct to the Chief Justice/ Chief Judge of the District Court. The CCC did not refer [REDACTED] or [REDACTED] for alleged criminal law breaches, abuse in public office and/or misconduct and/or corruption.
57. After multiple unsuccessful requests to have the CCC investigate [REDACTED] the DPP [REDACTED] finally referred [REDACTED] for an investigation and [REDACTED] was found guilty of breaching the Qld Criminal Code. [REDACTED] refused a criminal record of interview and continues to work in the [REDACTED] QPS.
58. The CCC was well aware that [REDACTED] Police colleagues failed to conduct a thorough investigation into Officer [REDACTED] crimes of 'coaching' [REDACTED] key witness [REDACTED] of tampering with evidence and disappearing evidence in a criminal prosecution; of illegally recording a barrister without his consent, of knowingly initiating a false charge of perjury and committing alleged perjury [REDACTED] when she deliberately lied in [REDACTED] signed 16.1.2017 Police Statement about receiving and returning evidence to [REDACTED] lawyers that was illegally sourced yet used against me in two criminal proceedings. (See [REDACTED] -Evidence that Police Officer [REDACTED] is guilty of crimes, corruption and misconduct' doc.).
59. The CCC also was kept updated on the 'Misconduct in Public office' of DPP Prosecutor [REDACTED] (See [REDACTED] alleged crimes and offences), but failed to take any action. It is a sad reflection of the CCC that a complaint they viewed as without substance, was deemed serious enough by the [REDACTED] two former Supreme Court Judges and the [REDACTED] ([REDACTED] new boss after he quickly left Qld) to be taken to a Formal Inquiry.

60. The CCC also was requested to investigate [REDACTED] (who followed his mate [REDACTED] to work for the [REDACTED]) when 9 days after my name was cleared by the court and the DPP, [REDACTED] breached the Criminal Law (Sexual Offences) Act 1978 by uploading onto the World Wide Web, for all to read, the most filthy and false words of mega millionaire [REDACTED] relating to recently invented sexual acts with me.

61. The CCC knew that when [REDACTED] deliberately breached the Sexual Offences Act, that [REDACTED] mate [REDACTED] had already written the following words to the [REDACTED] about [REDACTED]

62. On 23 May 2017, after DPP prosecutor [REDACTED] finally admitted that [REDACTED] hectic schedule had previously prevented [REDACTED] from reading the evidence against [REDACTED] [REDACTED] wrote to [REDACTED] [REDACTED] the following;

-I have signed letters where [REDACTED] makes threats.

[seen as] a manipulative [REDACTED] who seeks to destroy people who cross [REDACTED] lies have changed my view

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED] makes contradictory statements about [REDACTED] which [REDACTED] presumed would never come to light.

[REDACTED] has substantially adversely affected [REDACTED] credit

-It would go to the heart of her case that [REDACTED] was a [REDACTED] intent on abusing her then doing anything to get back at her when she complained.

[REDACTED] lie to WorkCover [about the evening of the reported sexual assault] significantly damages [REDACTED] credit, not just because of the sex toy [involved in the assault] but [REDACTED] lies about his sexual behaviour with [REDACTED] So what else has [REDACTED] lied about?

-There is a plethora of material to discredit [REDACTED]

[REDACTED] wrote back to [REDACTED] on 26 May 2017 at 2.03pm addressing the fact that [REDACTED] lied about his whereabouts on the evening of the reported 13 October 2009 sexual assault of Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells;

"The issue of the meeting on 13 October 2009 is far more troubling and on any view the totality of the evidence, evidences a willingness on [REDACTED] part to tailor evidence as it suits [REDACTED]."

On 2 June 2017 [REDACTED] wrote to lawyer [REDACTED] and to the court stating that [REDACTED] would be dropping the case against Dr Dawson-Wells. [REDACTED] declared a [REDACTED] conflict of interest.

63. [REDACTED] wrote an email noting that he might be breaching the Sexual Offences Act, so this was not a 'mistake'. The filthy false words of [REDACTED] about revolting sexual acts with me which never occurred stayed on the WWW for three and a half years until once again I had to intervene to ensure my human rights were honoured.

64. Although the CCC failed in their duty under s49, the [REDACTED] forwarded my complaint (see [REDACTED] *remains unaccountable' doc*) about [REDACTED] to the Qld A-G. [REDACTED] new boss [REDACTED] wrote to me noting that [REDACTED] was *pleased that [REDACTED] had been referred to the authorities*. Both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] will face civil litigation in 2022.

65. The CCC [REDACTED] documented that my complaint about [REDACTED] *does not raise a suspicion of corrupt conduct*, but the [REDACTED] has documented to me that just because [REDACTED] kept his [REDACTED] job does not mean that my matter cannot be legally taken further.
66. [REDACTED] only dropped the case against me once [REDACTED] knew that it would become public that Officer [REDACTED] had committed multiple crimes during [REDACTED] investigation of me and after [REDACTED] realised that [REDACTED] had damning evidence of [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] overwhelming propensity to lie in legally signed documents for criminal proceedings.
67. The CCC also had access to this evidence but failed to enforce their laws and regulations to bring both [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] to justice or to refer [REDACTED] to the DPP for an EX-Officio Indictment based on robust evidence of his criminal actions.



Australian Government

Office of Head [REDACTED]
CP2-4-044
[REDACTED]
CANBERRA BC ACT 2610

[REDACTED]

Mrs Narelle Dawson-Wells

Dear Dr Dawson-Wells

I refer to your letter of 11 February 2019 to [REDACTED] concerning the appointment of [REDACTED]

Your letter was provided to the [REDACTED]. He considered the material and requested that the [REDACTED] conduct an inquiry into the matters you raised. That inquiry is currently underway.

Yours sincerely

[REDACTED]

[REDACTED]

7th May 2019

68. Obviously the CCC failed to investigate Police officer [REDACTED] because they knew that their own officials were involved in corruption and misconduct. As previously noted, although 2 of these 3 Officials have left the CCC, one remains working there. That CCC official is responsible for [REDACTED] the CCC. That alone presents a problem for this Inquiry!
69. The PCCC, responsible for monitoring the CCC is in effect a 'toothless tiger' with the PCCC [REDACTED] [REDACTED] letter copied below showing their sheer indifference to human rights breaches and CCC failures to honour the CCC Act 2001.



**Parliamentary Crime and
Corruption Committee**

Parliament House
George Street
Brisbane, Qld 4000
Ph: [REDACTED]
Email: [REDACTED]
www.parliament.qld.gov.au/pccc

Our ref: [REDACTED]

23 August 2019

Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells
[REDACTED]

Dear Dr Dawson-Wells

Correspondence to the Parliamentary Crime and Corruption Committee

I refer to your correspondence to the Parliamentary Crime and Corruption Committee (committee) and others received on 10 July 2019 and 11 July 2019 regarding the Crime and Corruption Commission's (CCC) devolution of matters to the Queensland Police Service (QPS), amongst other matters.

I also refer to the committee's letter to you of 3 May 2019 acknowledging your concerns with respect to the devolution principle contained within the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001*.

Please be advised that any further correspondence from you about these matters will not be responded to.

Yours sincerely
[REDACTED]

70. The perjury charge against me was made during the post-election caretaker period between governments when presumably there was no public interest oversight by any elected representative of either party. Documents obtained by me under the compulsory disclosure sections of the Criminal Code (590AJ and 590AH) show that, quite unusually, the DPP was liaising with [REDACTED] before [REDACTED] investigation was complete.
71. The DPP's indictment was even vaguer than [REDACTED] charge: it alleged, inscrutably, that I had lied about the "nature of my relationship". The High Court has condemned "inchoate indictments" like this as oppressive. If the prosecution does not allege any matter of fact, the defendant cannot disprove it. The tactic makes the prosecution rebuttal proof until the trial. An innocent person cannot get the case dropped by demonstrating in advance that the allegation is false.

72. S49 requirement to send a report to the A-G outlining all evidence to support the charge seems to have been ignored, as was all evidence available to support the defence. –The 3 CCC Officer’s statements and their inherent bias, the money trail between [REDACTED] and [REDACTED], [REDACTED] association with [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] were ignored as the CCC showed no reasonable steps to further investigate the matter and provide helpful information to the defence.
73. I initiated several court hearings to try to force the prosecution to identify what fact they would say would establish their claim that I was lying when I said I had never been in a romantic or sexual relationship with [REDACTED]. The court ordered the DPP to provide better particulars. **DPP prosecutor** [REDACTED] wrote that while a sexual relationship had been alleged, the allegation was “*devoid of the detail*”. Instead of dropping the case [REDACTED] sent [REDACTED] off to get another statement from [REDACTED] to fit [REDACTED] agenda.
74. We need a law that makes it impossible for corrupt Police to go searching for evidence to meet their own malicious agendas, when their only witness controverts the malicious charge.
75. The CCC sent out different messages. While [REDACTED] was writing that the CCC would not investigate Officer [REDACTED] the CCC [REDACTED] was writing letters that [REDACTED] was indeed investigating matters

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Brisbane QLD 4001

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515 St Pauls Terrace
Fortitude Valley QLD 4006

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mailbox@ccc.qld.gov.au
www.ccc.qld.gov.au

ABN 32 164 714 360



Crime and Corruption
Commission
QUEENSLAND

Our Reference:
TRIM Ref:
Your Ref:
Contact Officer:

1 June 2016

Director-General
Department of Justice and Attorney-General
GPO Box 69
BRISBANE QLD 4001

Dear

RE: COMPLAINT OF DR NARELLE DAWSON-WELLS

Thank you for your letter received on 5 May 2016 in which you notified the Crime and Corruption (CCC) of a complaint made to the Department of Justice and Attorney-General (the Department) by Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells regarding officers of the Office of the Director of Public Prosecutions.

I have carefully considered the information provided pursuant to the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act).

In this case, I consider the information provided by Dr Dawson-Wells does not raise a reasonable suspicion of 'corrupt conduct' as defined by the Act.

In any event, I consider the proposed action identified by the Department to be appropriate in these circumstances.

If in the course of dealing with the matter the Department identifies any information which may alter our assessment of this matter, then further contact should be made with the CCC for consideration.

Thank you for bringing this matter to our attention.

Yours sincerely

[Redacted signature]

[Redacted name]

GPO Box 3123
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mailbox@ccc.qld.gov.au
www.ccc.qld.gov.au

ABN 32 164 714 360



Your Reference:
Our Reference:
Contact Officer:

21 March 2018

Ethical Standards Command
Queensland Police Service
200 Roma Street
BRISBANE, QLD 4000

RE: COMPLAINT AGAINST

We refer to correspondence from your Command, dated 15 February 2018, to the Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) in relation to the above matter.

The correspondence attaches the investigation report together with relevant interviews and appendices.

This matter, which is subject to a *Public Interest Review* by the CCC, deals with a complaint by the legal representative of Ms Narelle (Beth) Dawson-Wells. In this complaint it is alleged that [REDACTED] deliberately breached [REDACTED] disclosure obligations by withholding a document relevant to a prosecution.

Originally the complaint was directed to the Director of Public Prosecutions who then referred the matter to your Command for consideration.

The investigation report and relevant attachments have been considered by CCC officers.

CCC review

Allegation 1

The central allegation of this matter revolves around a letter provided to the Queensland Police Service (QPS) on 14 May 2012 from law firm [REDACTED]. The content of the letter informed the QPS in their decision to commence an investigation and then prosecution of Ms Dawson-Wells. Despite various requests from [REDACTED], the disclosure of the statements, contained within the letter, did not occur until January 2017.

The investigation found that on proper reading of section 590AH - 590AM of the *Criminal Code Act 1899* (the Criminal Code), relevant documents should have been disclosed following request. However, there was no evidence found of a detriment to Ms Dawson-Wells defence as a result of any delay nor was there any evidence that [redacted] deliberately withheld documents from disclosure.

The investigation found arguable technical breaches of the Criminal Code¹, however, there was no evidence that [redacted] acted perversely², intended to gain a benefit, or cause any detriment³ or knowingly gave false testimony.⁴ Accordingly, and taking into consideration the public interest test, it was recommended that it was not in the public interest to pursue a prosecution against [redacted] for any offences under the Criminal Code.

We note that there were no integrity issues identified by [redacted] the officer's senior officer, or the Crown Prosecutor, [redacted] who have all expressed their positive views about her professionalism and dedication.

Other matters

We note the investigation dealt with other matters arising out of the complaint by Ms Dawson-Wells.

It was identified that a document, namely 'Statement in Prep for Trial', prepared by [redacted] and provided to [redacted] on 25 May 2015 was not disclosed until January 2017. It is noted that this document may have assisted Ms Dawson-Wells in her defence of the perjury charges.

The document detailed discrepancies ('lies') in a WorkCover claim form [redacted] had previously signed. As to the question of whether [redacted] failed to take action against [redacted] the investigation found that there was no evidence she had identified and was aware of the discrepancies.

The investigation further addressed concerns around [redacted] handling of statements that had been prepared by former police officer [redacted] for [redacted]. While the statements should have been disclosed we note that there was no evidence that Ms Dawson-Wells suffered any detriment as a result of the delay.

Further, there was no evidence found that [redacted] attempted to prevent disclosure of documents by returning them back to [redacted] on request. [redacted] had acted on instructions by a supervisor, and again no detriment to Ms Dawson-Wells was identified. We note this allegation has previously been considered and dealt by the CCC on another file [redacted] (refers).

¹ *Criminal Code Act 1899* (Qld) s 204.

² *Ibid* s 200.

³ *Ibid* s 92A.

⁴ *Ibid* s 123.

Finally the investigation was unable to identify any evidence to suggest collusion or inappropriate pressure on QPS officers to charge Ms Dawson-Wells for perjury. The decision by the prosecution to discontinue both the perjury charge, and the prior charge against [redacted] were based on a number of factors, none of which relate to the actions of [redacted] or any officer of the QPS. Rather the credibility of both [redacted] and Ms Dawson-Wells were in issue to obtaining successful prosecutions on both criminal matters.

Overview

Following review the CCC is satisfied that sufficient enquiries have been undertaken to deal with this matter. We wish to commend [redacted] for his thorough investigation.

It is our view that the evidence is insufficient to substantiate a finding of corrupt conduct.⁵ Therefore, we intend to record a finding of *unsubstantiated* with respect to the single allegation as it appears in the CCC Matters Assessed Report (MAR).

Your Command may now proceed to finalise the matter and notify Ms Dawson-Wells of the outcome pursuant to section 42(7) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001*. We would appreciate a copy of this notice for our records.

That concludes our monitoring of this matter and we will close our file following provision of the above letters.

Thank you for your assistance with this matter.

Yours sincerely

Assistant Director
Police Program
Integrity Services

⁵ *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* s 15(1)(c).

76. The CCC confirmed that if the allegations against [REDACTED] were accurate, that Officer [REDACTED] conduct would meet the CCC Act 2001 definition of corruption and misconduct and noted that I could renew my complaint against her (see attached [REDACTED] letter copied below). The allegations against [REDACTED] were proved to be accurate but the CCC would not allow me to renew my complaint. Nor would they actualise their mandated role to investigate Police corruption and misconduct.

<p>GPO Box 3123 Brisbane QLD 4001</p> <p>Level 2 North Tower Green Square 515 St Pauls Terrace Fortitude Valley QLD 4006</p> <p>Tel: 07 3360 6060 Toll-free: 1800 061 611 (in Queensland outside Brisbane)</p> <p>Fax: 07 3360 6333</p> <p>mailto:mailbox@ccc.qld.gov.au www.ccc.qld.gov.au</p> <p>ABN 32 164 714 360</p>	<div><p>Crime and Corruption Commission QUEENSLAND</p></div> <p>Our Reference: Contact Officer: [REDACTED]</p> <p>4 April 2017</p> <p><u>PRIVATE AND PERSONAL</u></p> <p>Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells</p> <p>by email: [REDACTED]</p> <p>Dear Dr Dawson-Wells</p> <p>RE: YOUR CONCERNS</p> <p>I refer to ongoing correspondence in relation to these matters and your email to the Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) dated 20 March 2017 in which you have raised further concerns about [REDACTED]</p> <p>We have carefully considered the information you gave to us in your email and attachments. We understand your further concerns are:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none">1. You allege that [REDACTED] has suppressed the existence of a witness statement where the witness has admitted lying in previous statements. When [REDACTED] allegedly briefed the DPP [REDACTED] did not tell the DPP about the second statement and this improperly influenced the decision to indict you;2. You allege that [REDACTED] is attempting to prevent you being supplied with copies of audio tapes and other evidence;3. You allege that [REDACTED] was untruthful in a conversation with your barrister when [REDACTED] told the barrister that [REDACTED] did not know how it came about that you had been arrested. There is evidence that the arresting officer sought advice from [REDACTED] prior to the arrest. The conversation between [REDACTED] and the barrister was allegedly recorded. <p>Though we may have used different words to describe your concerns or not referred to every issue that you raised, please be assured that we have considered all the information you gave us.</p> <p>Under the <i>Crime and Corruption Act 2001</i> (the Act), the CCC's role is to ensure that complaints involving suspected 'corruption' on the part of members of the Queensland Police Service (QPS) are dealt with appropriately.</p> <p>Attached, for your information, are excerpts from the Act that define the terms 'corrupt conduct' and 'police misconduct' and outline the role of the CCC.</p>
---	--

Having regard to the information available to the CCC, we have determined to take no further action with respect to your concerns at the time for the following reasons.

Allegations 1 & 2

While the allegations you have raised meet the definition of corrupt conduct many important facts related to them are likely to be in issue in your upcoming trial. The courts have the responsibility to hear and determine those facts and the CCC has an obligation to avoid needless duplication of the work of the courts.

Allegation 3

Whilst the allegation of untruthfulness by [REDACTED] to your barrister meets the definition of police misconduct, the CCC considers that this matter is also likely to be in issue in your upcoming trial. The courts have the responsibility to hear and determine those facts and the CCC has an obligation to avoid needless duplication of the work of the courts.

With respect to allegations 1 – 3 above you may renew your complaint to the CCC of the courts make any adverse comment about the QPS or the QPS investigation leading to your charging. You may also renew your complaint if the courts do not make findings about the relevant facts.

Any further concerns of this nature that you raise with the CCC will likely be dealt with in this same way.

Thanks you for raising your concerns with the CCC.

Yours sincerely

[REDACTED]

77. But despite Officer [REDACTED] breach of the Qld Criminal Code confirmed (see 'Police letters 3 April 2018 and 4 October 2018') the CCC refused to do their mandated duty to investigate Police corruption when the offender [REDACTED] worked in the very Police Unit (Ethical Standards Command) with the officers responsible for investigating [REDACTED]



QUEENSLAND POLICE SERVICE

ETHICAL STANDARDS COMMAND
200 ROMA STREET BRISBANE QLD 4000
GPO BOX 1440 BRISBANE QLD 4001
TELEPHONE (07) 3364 3722 FACSIMILE (07) 3364 3717

Contact: [REDACTED]
Branch: Legal and Policy Unit, ESC
Phone: [REDACTED]

Our Ref: [REDACTED]
CMC Ref: [REDACTED]
Your Ref: [REDACTED]

3 April 2018

Ms Narelle Dawson-Wells
[REDACTED]

Dear Ms Dawson-Wells

On 23 February 2017, a complaint was received at the Ethical Standards Command from [REDACTED] concerning allegations that [REDACTED] had breached [REDACTED] disclosure obligations during your trial.

The matter was assessed by the Crime and Corruption Commission (C&CC) and referred to the Ethical Standards Command. An investigation was conducted by [REDACTED] who was performing duties in the Internal Investigations Group. The completed investigation was subsequently overviewed by the C&CC.

The investigation determined [REDACTED] had failed to disclose documents which were required to be disclosed. The investigation did not find any evidence [REDACTED] had acted perversely or that [REDACTED] had intentionally failed to disclose the documents. The matter has now been forwarded to a senior officer to formulate managerial strategies to address the shortcomings in [REDACTED] conduct. The managerial strategies will be designed to educate and prevent a reoccurrence of similar conduct.

In addition, correspondence has been forwarded to WorkCover to advise them of a potential offence committed by [REDACTED] against section 534 of the *Workers' Compensation and Rehabilitation Act 2003*.

I thank you for your assistance in successfully resolving this matter. I now consider this matter to be finalised.

Sincerely

[REDACTED]

On 4 October 2018 police admit that [REDACTED] refused a criminal record of interview-Evidence of guilt but insufficient evidence on other matters for a 'reasonable prospect of conviction'. BUT we do have evidence that [REDACTED] 'KNOWINGLY' gave false evidence about returning evidence (i.e., Enclosures 8 & 9 to [REDACTED] and thus committed PERJURY by meeting all 4 required elements for perjury under the Qld Criminal Code!)



IN CONFIDENCE

QUEENSLAND POLICE SERVICE

ETHICAL STANDARDS COMMAND
200 ROMA STREET BRISBANE QLD 4000
GPO BOX 1440 BRISBANE QLD 4001
TELEPHONE (07) 3364 3722 FACSIMILE (07) 3364 3717

Contact: [REDACTED]
Branch: [REDACTED]
Phone: [REDACTED]

Our Ref: [REDACTED]
CMC Ref: [REDACTED]
Your Ref: [REDACTED]

PRIVATE AND CONFIDENTIAL

4 October 2018

Ms Narelle Dawson-Wells
[REDACTED]

Ms Dawson-Wells

I refer to your email dated 20 August 2018 requesting clarification of two matters relating to your complaint against [REDACTED]

Your correspondence was forwarded to [REDACTED] who conducted further inquiries into the matter. I have been advised [REDACTED] contacted [REDACTED] of the Workers' Compensation Prosecution Unit and arranged for a copy of his investigation report and relevant attachments to be forwarded to her office.

[REDACTED] also conducted a review of the offences nominated in your email and confirmed they were addressed in his investigation report. The investigation found [REDACTED] had failed to disclose some documents but recommended no criminal prosecution should be commenced.

The decision not to commence a prosecution was made after considering all the available evidence and referring to section 4, The Decision to Prosecute, of the Director of Public Prosecutions Guidelines. The guidelines contain a two tiered test to be applied when considering whether to initiate a prosecution. Firstly, is there sufficient evidence to prove each and every element of the offence. Notably, the guidelines state that '*a prima facie case is necessary but not enough*'; there must be a reasonable prospect of conviction.

[REDACTED] investigation found there was insufficient evidence to satisfy this test for any of the allegations except for a possible offence against section 204, Disobedience to statute law, of the Criminal Code in relation to [REDACTED] failure to disclose some documents.

In relation to the offence of Perjury, it would be necessary to prove [REDACTED] knowingly gave false testimony. There is no evidence to support the allegation that [REDACTED] was being knowingly false when [REDACTED] stated, '*I cannot recall exactly the reason why this enclosure was not provided with the remainder of the enclosures by [REDACTED]*'. As such, no prosecution could be commenced for the offence of Perjury.

It is noted that [REDACTED] exercised [REDACTED] right to silence and declined to take part in a criminal record of interview in relation to the allegations. [REDACTED] did, however, take part

QUEENSLAND POLICE SERVICE

in a disciplinary interview. Although the information obtained in a directed interview is not admissible in criminal proceedings, nothing said during the discipline interview supported the allegation [REDACTED] had committed perjury.

The second test to be applied, where there is sufficient evidence, is '*whether discretionary factors nevertheless dictate that the matter should not proceed in the public interest*'. After considering a number of factors, including a lack of evidence indicating [REDACTED] had acted perversely, a decision was made not to initiate a prosecution for an offence against section 204 of the Criminal Code.

If you have any further enquiries concerning this matter, please contact [REDACTED] on telephone [REDACTED]

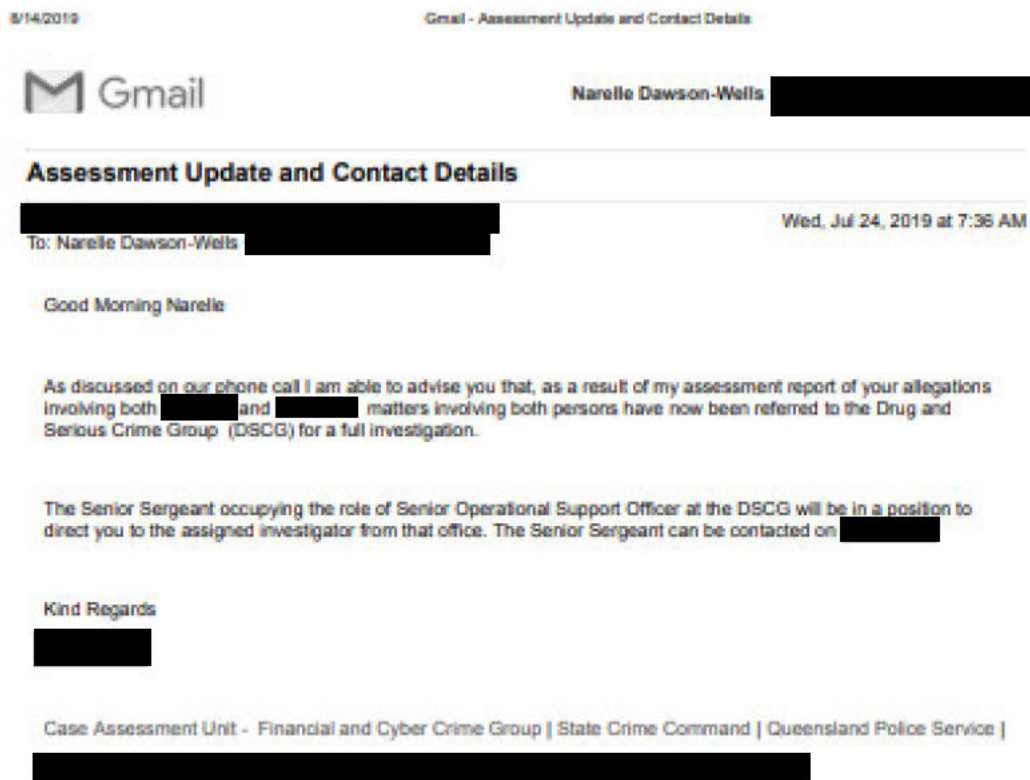
I now consider this matter to be finalised.

Sincerely

[REDACTED]

-
78. I believe that the QPS today is as corrupt as it was when Fitzgerald wrote his 1989 Report; they just don't pass in public anymore, brown paper bags filled with money, but the culture of corruption and the processes allowing corruption to continue with impunity, has not changed.
79. The outcomes from this 2022 Inquiry need to focus on strategies and process and legislative changes that will stop that slippery slide into corruption
80. I noted in 2008-09 when the 'Devolution' process was endorsed by the CCC (whereby complains made to the CCC about Police, were referred back to Police to investigate their own) that it was a process that would never work. Now in 2022 I can say with robust, well scrutinised evidence that it is one of the most dangerous administrative decisions ever made by the CCC
81. Great philosophers such as Aristotle have agreed that you cannot solve problems by using the same thinking that created those problems. Justice Kirby has raised concerns about regulators investigating their own. Cesar investigating Cesar is a construct that will never pass the pub test or seem acceptable to the reasonable man on the Clapham Omnibus! In time this model will, I believe, be one of the greatest Human Rights errors that has been made by the CCC.

82. NB. After my name was cleared by the court, [REDACTED] re-opened the criminal investigation into [REDACTED] The State Crime Group of the QPS escalated the investigation of [REDACTED] to the Serious Crimes Unit (SCU) of the QPS to be investigated for crimes including allegations of assault, threats to kill, blackmail, forgery, fraud, perjury etc. That investigation was just about to start when I wrote to Police asking them to also investigate the crimes and offences of their colleague [REDACTED] Within 24 hours of me writing that letter on 28 October 2020, the Police on 29 October 2020 wrote back to me shutting down the Police investigation into [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] Psychiatrist [REDACTED] The message was clear, 'You expose one of ours and we will not investigate the men that harmed you'!



83. Following the Nolle Prosequi at [REDACTED] criminal trial in 2012, [REDACTED] wrote to [REDACTED] psychiatrist of around 30 years [REDACTED] stating that [REDACTED] would have me charged with a criminal offence. [REDACTED] indeed used [REDACTED] influential connections within the police service and judiciary to do this.

84. The CCC failed to investigate [REDACTED] double dipping of MEDICARE set up when [REDACTED] gave [REDACTED] two dates of birth (See [REDACTED] [REDACTED] [REDACTED] lied to Police Officer [REDACTED] with the same lie that troubled DPP [REDACTED] so much i.e., [REDACTED] whereabouts on the evening of the reported sexual assault. [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] obstructed justice.

85. Officer [REDACTED] has not been made legally accountable for withholding information from me and tampering with information in a criminal proceeding but Police [REDACTED] [REDACTED] has stated that;
- each member of the QPS must discharge their duty ethically
 - any contravention must be dealt with by the office of State Discipline
 - that information held by police must be used for the right reasons
 - ANY MISUSE OF INFORMATION NOT ONLY WILL BE TREATED AS CORRUPTION, BUT AS CRIMINAL
86. [REDACTED] has eroded community trust in the police. The QPS depend on being seen as legitimate with the public. What [REDACTED] has done stinks of corruption and has no construct of legitimacy whatsoever.
87. Surely it cannot be normal practice that a police officer deemed by the CCC and ESC as meeting the definition of police corruption and police misconduct, be an 'exemplar' police officer working in the ESC.
88. Can police have credit and legitimacy when corrupt police officers are called in to investigate complaints of police corruption?
89. A range of criminal penalties must be made against police who misuse or abuse information says the [REDACTED] of Ethical Standards Command [REDACTED] [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] suggests that the tone is set from the top. We will see if [REDACTED] has a criminal penalty made against [REDACTED] for [REDACTED] breach of the Qld Criminal Code and [REDACTED] misuse of police information and **whether or not [REDACTED] is referred to the Office of State Discipline before being criminally charged.**
90. [REDACTED] knew that [REDACTED] was misusing information because [REDACTED] kept writing back to the DPP saying that [REDACTED] did not have the information that I was requesting.
91. Finally when [REDACTED] realised that Four Corners was watching my case and that the DPP was beginning to realise that they had been relying on corrupted evidence, and the court was demanding that [REDACTED] disclose ALL documents relating to the provenance of the charge, only then did [REDACTED] reveal documents showing that [REDACTED] had misused information and tampered with evidence in a criminal proceeding.
92. [REDACTED] did not show that people matter to the QPS. [REDACTED] misuse of information showed that [REDACTED] behaviour lacked integrity, fairness, trust, respect and professionalism.

93. I question the training [REDACTED] has had in the area of anti-corruption and ethics.
94. To this day [REDACTED] refuses to provide me with the information that allowed [REDACTED] to pass the **'sufficiency of evidence' test with the Crime Evaluation Committee.**
95. This breach is further misuse of information.
96. The DPP Director's Guidelines which focus on 'public interest' and decisions around whether a police officer should pursue a charge, seem to have been totally lost on this current serving officer.
97. [REDACTED] conduct flouted any belief that the public might hold that the QPS is victim centric.
98. The way the ESC dealt with their colleague [REDACTED] kept [REDACTED] disciplinary 'CHAT' with a senior colleague confidential. There is no information for victims of police corruption when only disciplinary measures are taken.
99. [REDACTED] refused to be involved in a 'record of interview' when [REDACTED] was participating in Officer [REDACTED] ([REDACTED] ESC colleague) investigation of [REDACTED]
100. What does that say when a police officer refuses to be interviewed by police but expects [REDACTED] victims to be interviewed?
101. Just as the QPS refused to charge Officer [REDACTED] until there was a public outcry, I expect that the QPS will refuse to charge [REDACTED] until there is a public outcry. It should not be up to victims of police corruption to have to fight for years, at great cost to themselves, to make these unethical perverse police officers legally accountable.
102. It is useful to note that when an officer is found to be corrupt or guilty of one misconduct episode (such as misuse of information), just waiting to be found will be other events of more serious corruption or misconduct. **Their influence on officers, who come under their control, exposes a very serious issue for the QPS.**
103. Failure to make officers criminally accountable for their crimes and offences exponentially increases the chances that they will repeat such conduct.
104. Once officers have been rewarded for their crimes and offences (i.e., they have not been punished so their criminal acts are minimised), there is a much greater chance that the criminal behaviour or offence, will increase and worsen across time, settings, and situations.

105. Failure to inform the victims of police corruption on the outcome of the officers' investigation and/or the measures taken in the disciplinary procedures, again enables corruption to prosper and ultimately will produce a revival of the pre-Fitzgerald era.
106. When the CCC and the QPS work so closely together, the public is frequently concerned about the CCC's ability to be an 'independent' investigator of police corruption.
107. Silence and secrecy around disciplinary measures taken against Police Officers involved in misconduct and corruption breeds distrust and erodes respect for an agency that depends on those two constructs to keep the public safe.
108. I raise concern now about further misuse of information related to **Police Officer [REDACTED]** and the CCC failing to investigate a dangerous Officer who was only charged after multiple women came together to take legal action.
109. While I was in a courtroom area on 30 January 2019 where it is illegal to photograph or record people, [REDACTED] was sitting beside another police officer who has attended several court hearings with [REDACTED] I do not know [REDACTED] name.
110. As I sat opposite them there were smirks and stares that made me and the other woman sitting beside me feel very uncomfortable. I became aware that we were being filmed by [REDACTED] on [REDACTED] phone.
111. I wrote to the CCC about my concerns.
112. The CCC referred the matter back to the QPS to investigate via their devolution process.
113. Officer [REDACTED] and Officer [REDACTED] finally took carriage of my complaint against [REDACTED] and the courthouse filming allegation.
114. It appears that neither officer bothered to check the information on [REDACTED] phone. In fact the QPS wrote to me to say they did not seize Officer [REDACTED] phone as there was not enough evidence to require such action. [See my letter to the CCC re. Police Officer \[REDACTED\] copied below after a death threat was made to a journalist.](#)

8/18/2018

Gmail - CONFIDENTIAL Re: Death threat



Narelle Dawson-Wells

CONFIDENTIAL Re: Death threat

Narelle Dawson-Wells

Thu, Jul 26, 2018 at 10:50 PM

CONFIDENTIAL re: Death threat

Please pass attachment to

Thank you

Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells

Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells

re death threat..docx

Issue- a death threat has been made involving corrupt police officer

Today Brisbane Times journalist fears for life and the life of children.

Tomorrow intends to publish some sickening facts about police officer

is too fearful to report death threat to police because believes the threat came from police or a friend of police officer

was told by a caller *"if you are thinking about publishing more of messages you might want to consider your health and well-being since you have kids".*

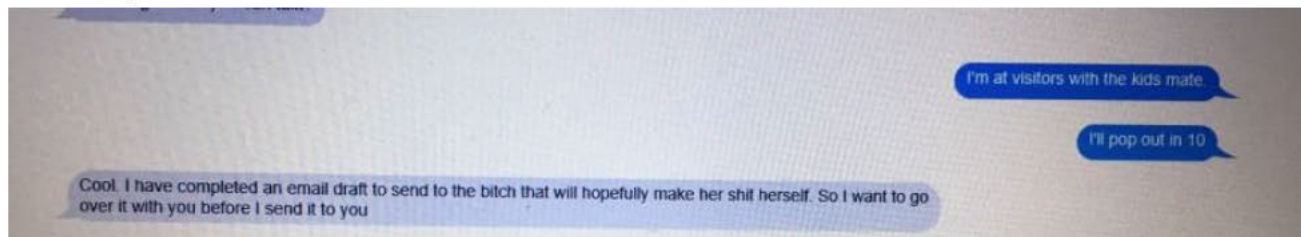
does not want to go public on this. fears the corrupt power of the police.

Each of you is aware of serious police corruption. You all know that illegally went into QPRIME and gave confidential data on the address of to violent mate. That mate (former partner) now has a 7 year DVO against, has threatened to take children to and blow them up, has a conviction against and now the Federal Police are searching for

Each of you is aware that is still a current member of the QPS. Below I copy just two of the text messages that sent to the former violent partner of

Here are two of text messages with screenshots

texted a violent offender : *"Cool I have completed an email draft to send to the bitch that will hopefully make her shit herself, so I want to go over it with you before I send it to you"*



██████ wrote to a violent Domestic violent offender: Women eh Boobjobs, nose jobs teeth bleaching, tummy tuck liposuction, pierced ears, pierced nipples, pierced bellies, pierced clits, eye brows plucked, bixini wax, diets, strenuous exercise, THEN..... they wont take it up the arse "Coz it hurts".



It has been said that for evil men to accomplish their purpose it is only necessary that good men do nothing and that the standard you walk past is the standard you accept.

This is a time for bi-partisan support to protect women from powerful corrupt police officers. The fact that so many officers have received no negative consequences for their corrupt conduct, has reinforced the 'God phenomenon' that some of these officers feel. For example;

Officer ████████ threw multiple 'killer type punches' into the head of a handcuffed young man, lying prone on a concrete floor in a police carpark while surrounded by many officers. There was no risk to Officer ████████ was just a corrupt violent cop who said in court words to the effect, "he was a Maori; it didn't seem to affect him". When asked about the message to the community of 'killer punches' and the message that ████████ was sending to the public, ████████ said something like, "well he's alive isn't he"! Officer ████████ is still employed at the QPS. ████████ violence has been reinforced.

██████████ verbally attacks the father of a murdered young man for 'dobbing' him into the Ombudsman. Such power and intimidation leads to promotion. Officer ████████ who is not one of ████████ favourites commits perjury and goes to trial. Officer ████████ a colleague of ████████ commits perjury and goes for a 'chat' with a senior colleague.

Police officer ████████ charges a decent cop who releases a video of police brutality. ████████ spends years fighting for justice. ████████ gets promotes to the CCC to investigate police corruption.

Police Officer ████████ smashes out the front teeth of an innocent gangly 16 year old boy playing with a rubber snake. The boy never touched or harmed anyone. Another potential killer punch from a police officer is smashed into the face of a kid with no criminal history who cared for aged people. Police tell the boy's parent they won't charge the boy with assault if they do not charge the young jogger who did so much damage to the face of a boy. The parents discover that the jogger is described as one of the best young police officers in ████████ Station. ████████ is still a

police officer. He laughed to police colleagues later that it was no big deal as the root canal work only cost around \$800.00.

Police Officer [REDACTED] on multiple occasions beat men while they were handcuffed. [REDACTED] is still a member of the QPS who is allowed to give talks to other officers.

I could go on and on about violent police officers being reinforced for their brutality and crimes.

Each of you receives your salary from taxpayers who expect you to do what the Acts under which you operate demand of you.

Each of you has families. [REDACTED] could be your daughter, your sister or a female relative.

What would you do if [REDACTED] did to your loved one what he did to [REDACTED]?

What would you do if you were journalist [REDACTED]

What are you going to do with an officer who is tasked with protecting women yet thinks it funny to talk about women 'not wanting to take it up the arse' ?

What are you going to do about a death threat to a journalist?

For years police have known in Qld that crime, threats and intimidation can go unrecognised and unpunished.

What will be the final straw that will make 3 good men move on police corruption in this state?

Will it be the death of a journalist?

Will it be the death of an outspoken advocate for justice who will not be silenced?

Will you stay quiet on this issue and let corruption and intimidations prosper?

Will you uphold the standards of human rights so your children and grandchildren will be safe in Qld, or will you walk past this issue, just accept it and reinforce police corruption?

There are so many police officers who need to be admired, respected and honoured. I ask that you take a stand against those officers who are corrupt to the core. Please use your powers to protect [REDACTED] and [REDACTED] and do it with the discretion that will protect them.

Dr Narelle Dawson-Wells