

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Audit Manager Corruption Strategic Intelligence** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**  
**46(3)**  
**46A**  
**47(1)(b)**  
**48(1)(c)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Audit Manager, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Chief Executive Officer** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**64**

**67**

**71A**

**166(3)**

**257(2)**

**375B(2)**

AND delegate to the **Chief Executive Officer** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**32(1)**

**131(3)**

**195B(2)**

**196(2)**

**340(3)**

**342(2)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement of the *Crime and Corruption and Other Legislation Amendment Act 2018* until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this <sup>TH</sup> day of *November* 2018.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Complaints Officers, Integrity Services and Indigenous Complaints Officers, Integrity Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

40A(4)  
46(1)  
46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)  
46(3)  
46A

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement of the *Crime and Corruption and Other Legislation Amendment Act* until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 7<sup>th</sup> day of November 2018.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Deputy Chairperson** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**49(2)(a), 49(2)(b), 49(2)(c), 49(2)(d), 49(2)(e)**  
**49(3)**

**49(5) only as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Crime and Corruption and other Legislation Amendment Act 2018* in relation to reports made to the director of public prosecutions under section 49(2)(a) as in force immediately before the commencement of the *Crime and Corruption and other Legislation Amendment Act 2018***

**64**

**66**

**69(8)**

**219M(1)**

**338**

**344**

AND delegate to the **Deputy Chairperson**, pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**32(1)**

**55**

**58(4)**

**73(2)**

**84(1)**

**178(2)**

**195B(2)**

**196(2)**

**263**

**340(3)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 17<sup>th</sup> day of December 2018.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Detective Inspectors, Operations Support**, pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) limited to intelligence information only (other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate of the above functions and powers under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 5<sup>th</sup> day of December 2018.

  
A J MacSporran QC  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Assessment** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1)**

**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**

**46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(b)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c)**

**60(2) limited to giving information (other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function) only if there is a threat to the life or safety of a person**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Assistant Directors, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 270(1)

Section 270(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission delegate to the **Director Corruption Legal** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**75(2)**

**75(6)**

**84(1)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations under the Act to the **Director Corruption Legal** and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 29th day of April 2021.



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**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**



**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Corruption Strategic Intelligence** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Intelligence** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

## INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Crime Operations** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this ~~28<sup>th</sup>~~ day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

19/202547

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Manager Crime Strategy** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Manager Intelligence** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

19/202535

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## AUTHORISATION

### QUEENSLAND CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
Section 5AB

Pursuant to section 5AB(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act), I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson, as head of the Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC), authorise the following management offices or management positions in the CCC to be authorised officers for the purposes of subparagraph (b)(iii) of the definition of authorised officer in section 5(1) of the TIA Act:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
3. Executive Director Corruption Operations
4. Executive Director Crime Operations
5. Director Corruption Strategic Intelligence
6. Director Crime Operations
7. Manager Electronic Collections and Intelligence Support Units
8. Manager Crime Strategy
9. Senior Intelligence Analyst

This Authorisation revokes all previous authorisations under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION***Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)*

Schedule 1, Section 355-70(3)(b)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 272

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a 'law enforcement agency' under Schedule 1, section 355-70(4)(j) of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)* (the TA Act). Under Schedule 1, section 355-70 of the TA Act, certain officers of the Australian Taxation Office may disclose protected taxation information to 'an authorised law enforcement agency officer' for the purpose of investigating a serious offence; enforcing a law, the contravention of which is a serious offence; the making, or proposed or possible making, of a proceeds of crime order; or supporting or enforcing a proceeds of crime order.

Schedule 1, section 355-70(3)(b) of the TA Act effectively provides that 'an authorised law enforcement agency officer' in respect of the Commission is a Commission officer who has been authorised by the head of the agency (that is, the Commission's Chairperson) to perform the functions of an authorised law enforcement agency officer under the TA Act.

Section 272(1) of *Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (CC Act)* provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may authorise an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the Commission to perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, an authorised commission officer under a provision of the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to Schedule 1, Section 355-70(3)(b) of the TA Act and section 272(1) of the CC Act, I, [REDACTED], Chairperson of the Commission hereby authorise:

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Director Corruption Strategic Intelligence**  
**Executive Director Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**  
**Principal Financial Investigator**

To receive protected taxation information under and for the purposes of **Schedule 1, section 355-70** of the TA Act.

This Authorisation revokes the previous Authorisation under the TA Act dated 26 August 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this <sup>28~~th~~</sup> day of October 2019.

[REDACTED]  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION***Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002*

Section 249B(1)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*

Section 272

The *Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002* (the CPC Act) confers certain functions and powers on authorised commissioned officers. Section 249B(1) provides that an authorised commission officer may give a written notice to a financial institution asking the institution about whether a person holds an account with the institution.

Section 272(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may authorise an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the Commission to perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, an authorised commission officer under a provision of the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 272(1) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby authorise:

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**  
**Director Crime Operations**  
**Principal Financial Investigators**

To perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, authorised commission officers under **section 249B(1)** of the CPC Act.

This Authorisation revokes the previous Authorisation under the CPC Act dated 26 August 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

## INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Forensic Computing Unit and Property Control** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

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This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director Forensic Computer Unit and Property Control** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(a) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chief Executive Officer.

Further, section 269(3) of the Act provides that Chief Executive Officer may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chief Executive Officer's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(4) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.


I, **Janelle O'Farrell**, Chief Executive Officer of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director, Human Resources** pursuant to section 269(3) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**254(1) excluding officers at senior officer classification level or above.**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the Human Resources Manager under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chief Executive Officer.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 3rd day of May 2019.

  
**Janelle O'Farrell**  
**Chief Executive Officer**



**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Proceeds of Crime** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearing information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

AND delegate to the **Director Proceeds of Crime** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**74A**

**84(1)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations under the Act to the Director, Financial Investigations and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 30<sup>th</sup> day of May 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Director Review** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1)**

**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**

**46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(b)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c)**

**60(2) limited to giving information (other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function) only if there is a threat to the life or safety of a person**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Assistant Directors, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* ('the Act') provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's ('the Commission') functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairman, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairman of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairman under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairman's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Directors Corruption Operations** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

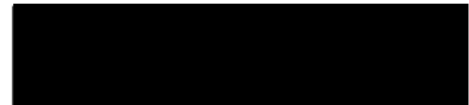
**47(1)(b)**

**48(1)(b) 48(1)(c)**

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This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Operations Coordinators, Corruption Operations** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Corruption Operations** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1), 46(2), 46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(b), 47(1)(c)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c), 48(1)(d)**

**48(3)**

**49(2)(f)**

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**116**

**117**

**170**

**216**

AND delegate to the **Executive Director Corruption Operations** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**75(2), 75(6)**

**84(1)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Corruption Operations** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.

**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

## INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Corruption Strategy, Prevention and Legal** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1), 46(2), 46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(c)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c), 48(1)(d)**

**48(3)**

**49(2)(f)**

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information from crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**71A**

**116**

**117**

**176 with respect to corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings only**

**201(2) with respect to corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings only**

**216**

AND delegate to the **Executive Director Corruption Strategy, Prevention and Legal** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**75(2), 75(6)**

**82(1) with respect to corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings only**

**83 with respect to corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings only**

**84(1)**

**178(3) with respect to closed corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings only**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Office of the Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Crime Hearings and Legal** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information from corruption hearings and corruption related intelligence hearings and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**116**

**176 with respect to crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings only**

**201(2) with respect to crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings only**

AND delegate to the **Executive Director Crime Hearings and Legal** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**72(2),72(3)**

**74(2)**

**74A**

**82(1) with respect to crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings only**

**83 with respect to crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings only**

**84(1)**

**178(3) with respect to closed crime hearings and crime related intelligence hearings only**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Crime Hearings and Legal Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *DA* day of August 2019.

**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Crime Operations** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**  
**170**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Crime Operations** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this <sup>16</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**



**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Information Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

117

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Information Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director Integrity Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1), 46(2), 46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(b), 47(1)(c)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c),**

**48(1)(d)**

**48(3)**

**49(2)(f)**

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**117**

**216**

AND delegate to the **Executive Director Integrity Services** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**75(2), 75(6)**

**84(1)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Director, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *26<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.

**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act, or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director, Legal, Risk and Compliance** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following section of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function.**

**219F**

**219FA**

**219G**

**219P**

**219R**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the above listed functions and powers to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 16<sup>th</sup> day of July 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **General Manager Corporate Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) limited to giving information within the delegate's areas of responsibility (other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Executive Director, Corporate Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.

  
\_\_\_\_\_  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **General Manager Operations Support** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

117

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Executive Director, Operations Support** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *24<sup>th</sup>* day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **General Manager Strategy, Innovation and Insights** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) limited to giving information within the delegate's areas of responsibility (other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Executive Director, Strategy, Innovation and Insights** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Manager, Assessment Unit, Integrity Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1)**

**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**

**46(3)**

**46A**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement of the Crime and Corruption and Other Legislation Amendment Act until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 7<sup>th</sup> day of November 2018.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Manager Crime Strategy** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**60(2) other than Commission hearings information and information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Manager Intelligence** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

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**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

Sub-delegate to the **Manager Team 6 Corruption Operations** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

40A(4)  
46(1)  
46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)  
46(3)  
46A

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Manager, Preliminary Investigation Team, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Principal Lawyers Corruption Legal** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**  
**46(1)**  
**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**  
**46(3)**  
**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c)**  
**46A**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Principal Lawyer, Integrity Services** is delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 31<sup>st</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Records Manager** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

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This **Instrument of Delegation** revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 3rd day of May 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Review Officers Integrity Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Monitoring Officers, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Senior Complaints Officers, Integrity Services** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1)**

**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**

**46(3)**

**46A**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement of the *Crime and Corruption and Other Legislation Amendment Act* until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 7<sup>th</sup> day of November 2018.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1), 46(2), 46(3)**

**46A**

**47(1)(b), 47(1)(c)**

**48(1)(b), 48(1)(c), 48(1)(d), 48(3)**

**49(2)(a), 49(2)(b), 49(2)(c), 49(2)(d), 49(2)(e), 49(2)(f)**

**49(3)**

**60(2) other than information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**

**64**

**66**

**71A**

**78(5)**

**116**

**117**

**170**

**176**

**201(2)**

**202(4)**

**216**

**219F**

**219FA**

**219G**

**219P**

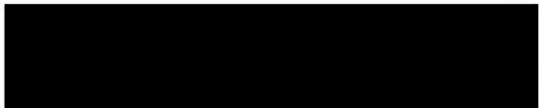
**219R**

AND delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

55  
58(4)  
72(2), 72(3)  
73(2)  
74(2)  
74A  
75(2), 75(6)  
82(1)  
83  
84(1)  
85(1)  
131(3)  
148(1)  
167(1)  
178(3)  
272(1)  
272(2)

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the above listed functions and powers to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 16<sup>th</sup> day of July 2020



A J MacSporran QC  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION AND APPOINTMENT**  
**CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Sections 279(1) and 279A

The Crime Reference Committee (the Reference Committee) is established under section 274 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) and has the functions set out in section 275 of the Act.

The Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is by virtue of section 178 of the Act, the chairperson of the Reference Committee, and has the functions of the chairperson of the Reference Committee set out in Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the Act.

**Delegation of functions of the chairperson of the Reference Committee**

Section 279A of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate his or her functions as chairperson of the Reference Committee to the senior executive officer (crime) and that, if the Chairperson so delegates his or her functions, the Senior Executive Officer (crime) is taken to be the chairperson of the Reference Committee, even if the Chairperson has appointed a deputy under section 279(1) of the Act.

Pursuant to section 279A(1) of the Act, I **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**, my functions as chairperson of the Reference Committee, except where in relation to a function under section 287(1) of the Act, I am present at a meeting of the Reference Committee.

**Appointment of deputy Reference Committee member**

Section 279(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may appoint as the chairperson's deputy for a reference committee meeting, another Commissioner or the Senior Executive Officer (Corruption) (deputy committee member).

Pursuant to section 279(1) of the Act, I **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby appoint the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** as my deputy for a Reference Committee meeting in any case where I am unable to be present at the meeting.

This Instrument of Delegation and Appointment revokes all previous delegations and appointments made by the Chairperson of the Commission under section 279A and section 279(1) of the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date hereof until revoked, either in whole or in part by the Chairperson of the Commission.

DATED at Brisbane this first day of April 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran**  
Chairperson



**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Sections 269 and 270

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified Commission officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 270 and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**49(2)(a), 49(2)(b), 49(2)(c), 49(2)(d), 49(2)(e)**  
**49(3)**  
**60(2) other than information relating to the Commission's witness protection function**  
**64**  
**66**  
**71A**  
**78(5)**  
**116**  
**117**  
**170**  
**176**  
**201(2)**  
**202(4)**  
**375B(2)**

AND delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**, pursuant to section 270(1) of the Act, my powers under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**32(1)**  
**55**  
**58(4)**  
**72(2), 72(3)**  
**73(2)**  
**74(2)**  
**74A**  
**75(2), 75(6)**  
**82(1), 82(6)**  
**83**  
**84(1)**

85(1)  
131(3)  
148(1)  
167(1)  
178(3)  
272(1), 272(2)

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)** under section 269 and section 270 of the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *2nd* day of April 2020.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION AND APPOINTMENT**  
**CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Sections 279(1) and 279A

The Crime Reference Committee (the Reference Committee) is established under section 274 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) and has the functions set out in section 275 of the Act.

The Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is by virtue of section 178 of the Act, the chairperson of the Reference Committee, and has the functions of the chairperson of the Reference Committee set out in Part 2 of Chapter 6 of the Act.

**Delegation of functions of the chairperson of the Reference Committee**

Section 279A of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may delegate his or her functions as chairperson of the Reference Committee to the senior executive officer (crime) and that, if the Chairperson so delegates his or her functions, the Senior Executive Officer (crime) is taken to be the chairperson of the Reference Committee, even if the Chairperson has appointed a deputy under section 279(1) of the Act.

Pursuant to section 279A(1) of the Act, I **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**, my functions as chairperson of the Reference Committee, except where in relation to a function under section 287(1) of the Act, I am present at a meeting of the Reference Committee.

**Appointment of deputy Reference Committee member**

Section 279(1) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may appoint as the chairperson's deputy for a reference committee meeting, another Commissioner or the Senior Executive Officer (Corruption) (deputy committee member).

Pursuant to section 279(1) of the Act, I **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby appoint the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** as my deputy for a Reference Committee meeting in any case where I am unable to be present at the meeting.

This Instrument of Delegation and Appointment revokes all previous delegations and appointments made by the Chairperson of the Commission under section 279A and section 279(1) of the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date hereof until revoked, either in whole or in part by the Chairperson of the Commission.

DATED at Brisbane this first day of April 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Senior Lawyers Corruption Legal** and **Lawyers Corruption Legal** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

**40A(4)**

**46(1)**

**46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(g)**

**46(3)**

**46A**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the **Senior Lawyers, Integrity Services** and **Lawyers, Integrity Services** under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Q)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* ('the Act') provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's ('the Commission') functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, **I, Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby sub-delegate to the:

**Senior Property Officer**

The Commission's functions and powers under **section 117** of the Act.

**THIS INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION** revokes all previous delegations and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 20 day of February 2017.

  
**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

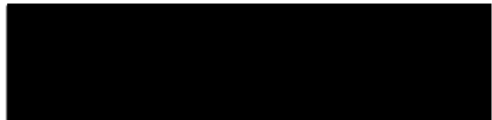
I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Strategy and Performance Officer** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

117

This Instrument of Delegation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this *10th* day of *May* 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF SUB-DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, sub-delegate to the:

Senior Review Officer, Integrity Services; and

Principal Complaints Officer, Integrity Services,

the functions and powers of the Commission under the following sections of the Act and subject to any expressed conditions:

40A(4)

46(1)

46(2)(a), 46(2)(b), 46(2)(c), 46(2)(d), 46(2)(e), 46(2)(f)

46(3)

46A

This Instrument of Sub-Delegation revokes all previous sub-delegations to this delegate under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect from the date of commencement until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 8<sup>th</sup> day of January..... 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND**

**CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*

Section 272(1)

**AUTHORISATION OF COMMISSION OFFICERS**

Section 272(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that the Chairperson may authorise an appropriately qualified officer of the Commission to be an authorised commission officer under a provision of the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby authorise the commission officers described below to be an authorised commission officer for the purpose of the Act or another Act, being satisfied that the commission officers described are appropriately qualified because they have the qualifications, experience and/or standing to exercise the relevant powers, authority or role of an authorised commission officer—

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**

**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**

**THIS AUTHORISATION** shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

**DATED** at Brisbane this 2nd day of November 2020.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson



QUEENSLAND

CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 131(2)

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency authorised to apply for surveillance warrants under section 121 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)* (the Act).

Section 131 of the Act requires the Commission to ensure that:

- (1) all information obtained under a surveillance warrant, and transcripts of recordings or photographs made or taken under the warrant, is kept in a secure place; and
- (2) any recording made or photograph taken under a surveillance warrant issued to the CCC, or a transcript or copy made from information obtained under the warrant, is destroyed as soon as practicable after it is no longer required.

Pursuant to section 269(1)(b) of the Act, the Commission's functions and powers under section 131(2) of the Act are delegated to the Chairperson.

A surveillance warrant is defined in schedule 2 of the Act by reference to section 121 of the Act. Section 121 provides that:

- (1) where the Chairperson reasonably believes that a person has been, or is likely to be, involved in corruption being investigated by the commission;
- (2) an authorised commission officer may, with the Chairperson's approval, apply to a Supreme Court Judge for a warrant authorising the use of a surveillance device.

'Recording' is not defined in the Act. The ordinary meaning of 'recording' is defined as 'the act or practice of making a record'.

'Transcript' is not defined in the Act. The ordinary meaning of 'transcript' is defined to include (1) something transcribed or made by transcribing; a written copy; or (2) a reproduction in writing or print.

Photograph is defined in schedule 2 of the Act to include: photocopy, videotape and record an image.

The term 'transitory copy' is not defined in the Act. The ordinary meaning of 'transitory' is defined to include the terms 'brief' or 'not lasting'. The ordinary meaning of 'copy' includes 'a transcript, reproduction, or imitation of an original'. For example, a transitory copy of material obtained under surveillance warrant issued to the CCC may be made when moving material recorded on a video recorded in the field to a thumb drive for the purpose of transferring the material to the CCC network.

I, **ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, **AUTHORISE** the destruction of transitory copies of records obtained by use of a surveillance device under a surveillance warrant issued to the CCC, on the basis that the transitory copies of these records are not likely to be required during a CCC corruption investigation.

**THIS STANDING AUTHORITY** shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED at Brisbane this 8<sup>th</sup> day of May 2017

  
**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

***Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 272(1)**

**AUTHORISATION OF COMMISSION OFFICERS**

Section 272(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that the Chairperson may authorise an appropriately qualified officer of the commission to be an authorised commission officer under a provision of the Act or another Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby authorise the commission officers described in Schedule 2 of the following table to be authorised commission officers for the corresponding provisions in Schedule 1 of the table, being satisfied that the commission officers described are ‘appropriately qualified’ because they have the qualifications, experience and/or standing to exercise the relevant powers, and/or to be appointed to the roles, described below—

Schedule 1	Schedule 2
<b><i>Crime and Corruption Act 2001</i></b>	
Section 86 (Search warrant applications)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 88B (Order for access information after storage device has been seized)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 92 (Powers under search warrants)	Any commission officer involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 94 (Limitation on search warrant powers)	Any commission officer involved in the investigation to which the search warrant relates
Sections 96-99 (Search to prevent loss of evidence)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Sections 100-111 (Searching persons)	Any commission officer involved in the investigation to which the search relates
Section 119C (Monitoring order applications)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 119I (Suspension order applications)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 121 (Surveillance warrant applications)	Any commission officer engaged in the commission’s corruption functions who is an operations coordinator and/or a police officer of at least the rank of Inspector
Section 148 (Covert search warrant applications)	Any commission officer who is an operations coordinator and/or a police officer of at least the rank of Inspector
Section 158 (Additional powers warrant applications)	Any commission officer who is an operations coordinator and/or a police officer of at least the rank of Inspector
Section 167 (Arrest warrant applications)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 169 (What arrest warrant authorises)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
Section 201(4) (Application)	Any commission officer who is an investigator and involved in the investigation to which the application relates
<b><i>Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000</i></b>	
Sections 322 and 328 (Application for surveillance device warrant)	Any commission officer engaged in the commission’s crime function who is an operations coordinator and/or a police officer of at least the rank of Inspector

For this Authorisation—

- **investigator** means a commission officer (whether employed or seconded) who ordinarily undertakes duties of an investigative nature in respect of an investigation, and includes, but is not limited to, the following positions (howsoever titled in the role description)—
  - investigator
  - police officer
  - financial investigator
  - forensic computing investigator
  - operations coordinator
  - operations leader
  - director of operations
- **investigation** includes a crime investigation, a corruption investigation, a confiscation related investigation or investigative activity that occurs as part of the intelligence functions

Dated at Brisbane on ~~18~~ July 2017.



**A J MACSPORRAN QC**  
**Chairperson**

QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION  
*Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*  
[Section 354]

**STANDING AUTHORITY TO DESTROY TRANSITORY COPIES OF RECORDS OBTAINED BY USE OF SURVEILLANCE DEVICES**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is a law enforcement agency as defined in Schedule 6 of the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000* (Qld) (PPRA), and is permitted to make applications for surveillance device warrants pursuant to section 328 of the PPRA.

Pursuant to section 354(1) of the PPRA, the chief executive officer of the CCC must:

- (a) ensure that every record or report obtained by use of a surveillance device by a law enforcement officer of the CCC under a warrant, emergency authorisation, corresponding warrant or corresponding emergency authorisation is kept in a secure place that is not accessible to people who are not entitled to deal with the record or report; and
- (b) destroy, or cause to be destroyed any record or report mentioned in paragraph (a) if satisfied it is not likely to be required in connection with a purpose relating to section 352(3) or section 353(1) of the PPRA.

A 'record' is defined in section 322 of the PPRA to include:

- (a) an audio, visual or audiovisual record;
- (b) a record in digital form; and
- (c) a documentary record prepared from a record mentioned in paragraph (a) or (b).

Section 352 of the PPRA prohibits communication or publication of protected information, except under specified circumstances, which are set down in section 352(3).

Section 353(1) of the PPRA provides that protected information obtained by use of a surveillance device under warrant may be used, communicated, or published if necessary to do so for particular purposes specified under section 353.

'Protected information' is defined in section 351 of the PPRA to mean:

- (a) any information obtained from the use of a surveillance device under a warrant, emergency authorisation, corresponding warrant or corresponding emergency authorisation; or
- (b) any information relating to –
  - (i) an application for, issue of, variation of, existence of or expiry or revocation of a warrant, emergency authorisation, corresponding warrant or corresponding emergency authorisation; or
  - (ii) an application for approval of powers exercised under an emergency authorisation; or
  - (iii) an application under a corresponding law for approval of powers exercised under a corresponding emergency authorisation.

The term 'transitory copy' is not defined in the PPRA. The ordinary meaning of 'transitory' is defined to include the terms 'brief', or 'not lasting'. The ordinary meaning of 'copy' includes 'a transcript, reproduction, or imitation of an original'. For example, a transitory copy of surveillance device material obtained under warrant issued to the CCC may be made when moving material recorded on a video recorder in the field to a thumb drive for the purpose of transferring the material to the CCC network.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief executive officer' of the CCC as defined in Schedule 6 of the PPRA.

**I, ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, **AUTHORISE** the destruction of transitory copies of records obtained by use of a surveillance device under any warrant, emergency authorisation, corresponding warrant or corresponding emergency authorisation issued to the CCC, on the basis that the transitory copies of these records are not likely to be required in connection with a purpose mentioned in sections 352(3) or 353(1) of the PPRA.

**THIS STANDING AUTHORITY** shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED at Brisbane this 6th day of December 2016

  
**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)

RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

Schedule 1

[REDACTED]

Schedule 2

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this 9<sup>th</sup> day of August 2017.

[REDACTED]

ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**



**Schedule 2**


Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this 11~~th~~ day of June 2018.

  
**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
**Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**



**Schedule 2**

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this  day of December 2021.



**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

***Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSONS TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Bruce Alexander Barbour**, Acting Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**



**Schedule 2**

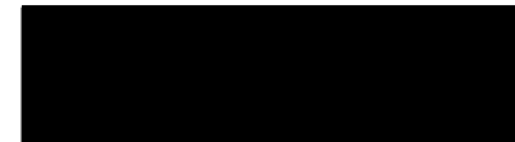
Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this  day of February 2022.



**BRUCE ALEXANDER BARBOUR**  
Acting Chairperson



**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
**Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (the Act)* provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**

[REDACTED]

**Schedule 2**

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this 9<sup>th</sup> day of August 2017.

[REDACTED]

**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
**Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**

[REDACTED]

**Schedule 2**

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this 27 day of August 2017.

[REDACTED]

**ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**  
**Chairperson**

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

***Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSONS TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Bruce Alexander Barbour**, Acting Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**

[REDACTED]

**Schedule 2**

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this **25<sup>th</sup>** day of February 2022.

[REDACTED]

**BRUCE ALEXANDER BARBOUR**  
Acting Chairperson

QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)

RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSON TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Alan John MacSporran**, Chairperson, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

Schedule 1

[REDACTED]

Schedule 2

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this 9th day of August 2017.

[REDACTED]

ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

***Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Section 178(3)**

**RECORD OF DECISION  
PERSONS TO CONDUCT CLOSED HEARINGS**

Section 178(3) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (**the Act**) provides that a closed hearing may be conducted by a person decided by the Chairperson.

I, **Bruce Alexander Barbour**, Acting Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission, hereby record my decision that the person nominated in Schedule 1 may, as presiding officer, conduct a closed hearing in relation to any matter stipulated in Schedule 2.

**Schedule 1**



**Schedule 2**

Any crime investigation

Any corruption investigation

Any intelligence function hearing

This decision shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

Dated at BRISBANE this **25<sup>th</sup>** day of February 2022.



**BRUCE ALEXANDER BARBOUR**  
Acting Chairperson

## INSTRUMENT OF APPOINTMENT

### *Witness Protection Act 2000 (Qld)*

Section 5 of the *Witness Protection Act 2000* provides that the Witness Protection Program is run by the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission).

Section 254(6) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* provides that staff employed by the Commission under the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* are subject to the direction and control of the Chairperson of the Commission.

Schedule 2 of the *Witness Protection Act 2000* provides that 'witness protection officer' means an officer of the commission appointed by the Chairperson of the Commission to administer the witness protection program.

Schedule 2 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* provides that the definition of 'commission officer' includes a person employed under section 254 or seconded under section 255 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001*.

I, **Alan John MACSPORRAN QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, hereby appoint the following officer of the Commission as a witness protection officer.

[REDACTED]

**THIS APPOINTMENT** shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing, OR until the person ceases to be employed by the Commission, whichever event occurs sooner.

DATED at BRISBANE this 27<sup>th</sup> day of January 2022.

[REDACTED]

AJ MACSPORRAN QC  
Chairperson  
Crime and Corruption Commission

**INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION**  
*Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002 (Qld)*  
Sections 28 and 93H  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 272(1)

Section 272(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may authorise an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the Commission to perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, an authorised commission officer under a provision of this Act or another Act.

Section 28 of the *Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002* (Qld) (CPC Act) requires an application to the Supreme Court for a restraining order under the confiscation without conviction scheme (chapter 2 CPC Act) to be supported by an affidavit of an authorised commission officer.

Section 93H of the CPC Act requires an application to the Supreme Court for a restraining order under the serious drug offender confiscation scheme (chapter 2A CPC Act) to be supported by an affidavit of an authorised commission officer.

“Authorised commission officer” is defined in the Schedule 6 Dictionary of the CPC Act to mean an authorised commission officer under section 272 of the CC Act.

Pursuant to section 272(1) of the Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, hereby authorise:

the **Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**, the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**, the **Director, Proceeds of Crime**, and a **Principal Financial Investigator** to be authorised commission officers for the following purposes:

- to swear an affidavit to support an application to the Supreme Court for a restraining order under section 28 of the CPC Act.
- to swear an affidavit to support an application to the Supreme Court for a restraining order under section 93H of the CPC Act.

**THIS AUTHORISATION** revokes the previous authorisation dated 21 September 2018 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 30th day of May 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION***Taxation Administration Act 1953 (Cth)*

Schedule 1, Section 355-70(3)(b)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 272

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a ‘law enforcement agency’ under Schedule 1, section 355-70(4)(j) of the *Taxation Administration Act 1953* (Cth) (the TA Act). Under Schedule 1, section 355-70 of the TA Act, certain officers of the Australian Taxation Office may disclose protected taxation information to ‘an authorised law enforcement agency officer’ for the purpose of investigating a serious offence; enforcing a law, the contravention of which is a serious offence; the making, or proposed or possible making, of a proceeds of crime order; or supporting or enforcing a proceeds of crime order.

Schedule 1, section 355-70(3)(b) of the TA Act effectively provides that ‘an authorised law enforcement agency officer’ in respect of the Commission is a Commission officer who has been authorised by the head of the agency (that is, the Commission’s Chairperson) to perform the functions of an authorised law enforcement agency officer under the TA Act.

Section 272(1) of *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may authorise an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the Commission to perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, an authorised commission officer under a provision of the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to Schedule 1, Section 355-70(3)(b) of the TA Act and section 272(1) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby authorise:

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Director Corruption Strategic Intelligence**  
**Executive Director Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Corruption Operations**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**  
**Principal Financial Investigator**

To receive protected taxation information under and for the purposes of **Schedule 1, section 355-70** of the TA Act.

This Authorisation revokes the previous Authorisation under the TA Act dated 28 October 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 30th day of July 2021.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**



## INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION

*Information Privacy Act 2009*, Chapter 3 Part 9 External Review  
*Right to Information Act 2009*, Chapter 3, Part 9 External Review  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*, section 269

Chapter 3, Part 9 of the *Information Privacy Act 2009* (the IP Act) and Chapter 3, Part 9 of the *Right to Information Act 2009* (the RTI Act) confer certain functions on an agency in relation to external reviews conducted by the Information Commissioner. The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is an agency under the IP Act and RTI Act.

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the CC Act) provides that the Commission's functions and powers under the CC Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1), 251(2) and 259 of the CC Act, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, sub-delegate to:

### **Chief Executive Officer**

my powers and functions as a participant in an external review under Chapter 3, Part 9 of the IP Act and under Chapter 3, Part 9 of the RTI Act, including making decisions about access to information in the Commission's possession.

This Instrument of Delegation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 8<sup>th</sup> day of November 2018.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Witness Protection Act 2000 (Qld)*  
Section 48  
Power to appoint a Witness Protection Officer

Section 48(1) of the *Witness Protection Act 2000* (the Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may delegate the powers of the Chairperson under the Act to an appropriately qualified witness protection officer. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 48(2) and any other limitations in the Act.

Schedule 2 of the Act provides that witness protection officer means an officer of the Commission appointed by the Chairperson to administer the witness protection program.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

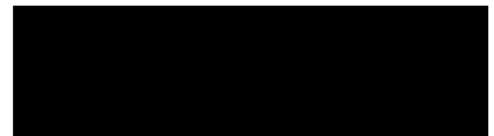
pursuant to section 48 of the Act, delegate to the following position on the condition that the person occupying or acting in the position holds a witness protection officer appointment from the Chairperson at the time of exercising the power:

**General Manager Operations Support**

my power to appoint an officer of the Commission to be a witness protection officer to administer the witness protection program

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to appoint a witness protection officer under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Witness Protection Act 2000 (Qld)*  
Section 48

Section 48(1) of the *Witness Protection Act 2000* (the Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may delegate the powers of the Chairperson under the Act to an 'appropriately qualified witness protection officer'. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 48(2) and any other limitations in the Act.

Schedule 2 of the Act provides that 'witness protection officer' means an officer of the Commission appointed by the Chairperson to administer the witness protection program.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

Pursuant to section 48 of the Act, delegate to the following positions, on the condition that the person occupying or acting in the position holds a witness protection officer appointment from the Chairperson at the time of exercising the power.

**Police Officers holding the appointment as a witness protection officer** (other than the General Manager Operations Support, the Directors Operations Support and the Officer in Charge Witness Protection Unit)

My powers under sections:

**7(4)**  
**35(1)(c), (d)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to these positions under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED at BRISBANE this 27<sup>th</sup> day of January 2022.



**AJ MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson  
Crime and Corruption Commission

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

*Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009 (Qld)*  
Section 42

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act, or another Act.

Section 42(1) of the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act (Qld)* (QCAT Act) provides that the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) may make orders joining parties to proceedings, as the Tribunal considers appropriate and pursuant to the criteria set out in subsection 42(1)(a) – (b).

Section 42(2) of the QCAT Act provides that the Tribunal may make orders removing parties from proceedings, where it considers that criteria listed in subsection 42(2)(a) and (b) are satisfied.

Section 42(3) provides that the Tribunal may make an order under subsection (1) or (2) on the application of a person, or on its own initiative.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Executive Director, Legal, Risk and Compliance** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission subject to any expressed conditions:

to authorise a commission officer to apply to join as a party to a Tribunal proceeding under **section 42(3)** of the QCAT Act.

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the above listed functions and powers to the delegate under the Act, and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 16<sup>th</sup> day of July 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*  
Section 269

*Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act 2009 (Qld)*  
Section 42

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the Act) provides that the Crime and Corruption Commission's (the Commission) functions and powers under the Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the Act, or another Act.

Section 42(1) of the *Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal Act (Qld)* (QCAT Act) provides that the Queensland Civil and Administrative Tribunal (the Tribunal) may make orders joining parties to proceedings, as the Tribunal considers appropriate and pursuant to the criteria set out in subsection 42(1)(a) – (b).

Section 42(2) of the QCAT Act provides that the Tribunal may make orders removing parties from proceedings, where it considers that criteria listed in subsection 42(2)(a) and (b) are satisfied.

Section 42(3) provides that the Tribunal may make an order under subsection (1) or (2) on the application of a person, or on its own initiative.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

sub-delegate to the **Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)** pursuant to section 269(5) of the Act, the functions and powers of the Commission subject to any expressed conditions:

to authorise a commission officer to apply to join as a party to a Tribunal proceeding under **section 42(3)** of the QCAT Act.

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the above listed functions and powers to the delegate under the Act, and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 16<sup>th</sup> day of July 2020.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Witness Protection Act 2000 (Qld)*  
Section 48

Section 48(1) of the *Witness Protection Act 2000* (the Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may delegate the powers of the Chairperson under the Act to an ‘appropriately qualified witness protection officer’. The Chairperson's power to delegate is subject to the limitations in section 48(2) and any other limitations in the Act.

Schedule 2 of the Act provides that ‘witness protection officer’ means an officer of the Commission appointed by the Chairperson to administer the witness protection program.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

Pursuant to section 48 of the Act, delegate to the following positions, on the condition that the person occupying or acting in the position holds a witness protection officer appointment from the Chairperson at the time of exercising the power.

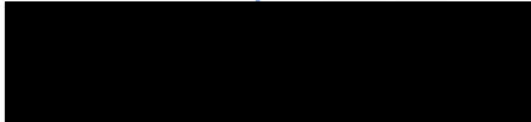
**Chief Executive Officer**  
**General Manager Operations Support**  
**Directors Operations Support**  
**Officer in Charge Witness Protection Unit**

My powers under sections:

7(1)  
9  
10(1)  
11  
12  
13 —but only in relation to a written notice of withdrawal  
14(4) – to the limit of each delegate's authorised financial expenditure limit  
14A  
14B  
14C  
14D  
14E – but only in relation to a written notice of withdrawal  
14F(4) – to the limit of each delegate's authorised financial expenditure limit  
15(1)  
16  
20A  
21  
22  
25(2)(b)  
29  
30  
31  
32 – to the limit of each delegate’s authorised financial expenditure limit  
35(1)(a), (b)  
40  
43(2)  
45  
46(2)  
49

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations to the Chief Executive Officer, Executive Director Operations Support, Operations Coordinator Operations Support, Officer in Charge Witness Protection Unit under the Act and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED at BRISBANE this 27<sup>th</sup> day of January 2022.



AJ MACSPORRAN QC  
Chairperson  
Crime and Corruption Commission

**INSTRUMENT OF AUTHORISATION***Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002*

Section 249B(1)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*

Section 272

The *Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002* (the CPC Act) confers certain functions and powers on authorised commissioned officers. Section 249B(1) provides that an authorised commission officer may give a written notice to a financial institution asking the institution about whether a person holds an account with the institution.

Section 272(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) provides that the Chairperson of the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) may authorise an appropriately qualified officer or employee of the Commission to perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, an authorised commission officer under a provision of the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 272(1) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby authorise:

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**  
**Director Crime Operations**  
**Director Corruption Operations**  
**Principal Financial Investigators**

To perform the functions of, exercise the powers of, or for any purpose to be, authorised commission officers under **section 249B(1)** of the CPC Act.

This Authorisation revokes the previous Authorisation under the CPC Act dated 28 October 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this                    31st        day of August 2021 .




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**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**



**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
*Right to Information Act 2009*, section 30  
*Information Privacy Act 2009*, section 50  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*, section 269

Chapter 3, Parts 1 to 8 of the *Right to Information Act 2009* (the RTI Act) confer certain functions and powers on “an agency” in respect of access applications under the RTI Act. Similarly, Chapter 3, Parts 1 to 8 of the *Information Privacy Act 2009* (the IP Act) confer certain functions and powers on “an agency” in respect of access applications and amendment applications under the IP Act.

Under section 30(1) of the RTI Act, “the agency’s principal officer” must deal with access applications to the agency. Similarly, under section 50(1) of the IP Act, “the agency’s principal officer” must deal with access applications and amendment applications to the agency. In each case, “deal with” includes power to deal with an application for internal review [s.30(6) RTI Act, s.50(6) IP Act] but does **not** include expressing a view or taking any action as a “relevant third party” [s.37 RTI Act, s.56 IP Act].

Section 30(2) of the RTI Act provides that the agency’s principal officer may delegate to another agency officer the principal officer’s power to deal with an access application under the RTI Act. Similarly, section 50(2) of the IP Act provides that the agency’s principal officer may delegate to another agency officer the principal officer’s power to deal with an access application or amendment application under the IP Act. The principal officer’s power to delegate is subject to respective limitations in the RTI Act and the IP Act.

In both the RTI Act and the IP Act, the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is an agency and the Commission’s Chairperson is the agency’s principal officer.

Pursuant to section 30(2) of the RTI Act and section 50(2) of the IP Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, delegate to:

**Chief Executive Officer**  
**Executive Director Legal, Risk and Compliance**  
**Director Litigation and Advocacy**  
**Director Corporate Legal**  
**Principal Lawyers Corporate Legal**  
**Principal Lawyers Litigation and Advocacy**  
**Manager Risk and Compliance**  
**Principal Adviser Compliance and RTI**  
**Senior Advisers Risk and Compliance**

my principal officer’s functions and powers in respect of dealing with access applications under Chapter 3, Parts 1 to 8 of the RTI Act, and dealing with access applications and amendment applications under Chapter 3, Parts 1 to 8 of the IP Act, including in each case the power to deal with internal review applications, subject to the limitations in those Acts.

**FURTHER**

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the CC Act) provides that the Commission’s functions and powers under the CC Act or another Act, other than the Commission’s functions under sections 234, 251(1), 251(2) and 259 of the CC Act, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson’s power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission, sub-delegate to:

**Chief Executive Officer**  
**Executive Director Legal, Risk and Compliance**  
**Director Litigation and Advocacy**  
**Director Corporate Legal**  
**Principal Lawyers Corporate Legal**  
**Principal Lawyers Litigation and Advocacy**  
**Manager Risk and Compliance**  
**Principal Adviser Compliance and RTI**  
**Senior Advisers Risk and Compliance**

The function or power to express the Commission's views, or take any action on the Commission's behalf, where the Commission is a "relevant third party" under section 37 of the RTI Act or section 56 of the IP Act.

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the powers and functions under the RTI Act and the IP Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this **16<sup>th</sup>** day of December 2020.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson,**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**  
**Financial Transactions Reports Act 1992**  
**Section 6A**  
**Crime and Corruption Act 2001**  
**Section 269**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a designated authority under section 4(1) of the *Financial Transaction Reports Act 1992 (Qld)* (the FTR Act). As such, the Commission is empowered to request certain information and documents from certain entities under section 6A of the FTR Act.

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the CC Act) provides that the Commission's functions and powers under the CC Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate to:

**Chief Executive Officer**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director Crime Hearings and Legal**  
**Executive Director Corruption Operations**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**

The Commission's power under **section 6A** of the FTR Act.

This Instrument of Delegation revokes the previous delegation under the FTR Act dated 30 May 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION  
*Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002*  
*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
 Section 269

The *Criminal Proceeds Confiscation Act 2002* (the CPC Act) confers certain functions and powers on the Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission). In particular, the Commission is responsible for administering a scheme in chapter 2 of the CPC Act (confiscation without conviction) and a scheme in chapter 2A of the CPC Act (serious drug offender confiscation).

Section 269(1)(b) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (the CC Act) provides that the Commission's functions and powers under the CC Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate to:

**Senior Executive Officer (Crime)**  
**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Chief Executive Officer**  
**Director Proceeds of Crime**

the Commission's functions and powers under the following provisions of the CPC Act:

**Chapter 2**  
**section 31(3)**  
**section 41A**  
**section 63(2)**

**Chapter 2A**  
**section 93M(3)**  
**section 93ZE**  
**section 93ZZD(3)**

This Instrument of Delegation revokes the previous delegation under the CPC Act dated 7 December 2015 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 30<sup>th</sup> day of March 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Human Rights Act 2019 (Qld)*

Sections 66(1)(c)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 252(2)(b) and 270(1)

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a designated referral entity under section 66(1)(c) of the *Human Rights Act 2019* (the HR Act). As such, should the Commission receive a complaint about corruption under the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) that the Chairperson may also consider to be a human rights complaint, under section 66(2) of the HR Act, the complaint can be dealt with by the Commission under the CC Act or, with the consent of the person who could make the human rights complaint, referred to the Human Rights Commissioner.


Section 252(2)(b) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson can perform the other functions, and exercise the other powers, conferred on the Chairperson under the CC Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the CC Act provides, so far as is relevant, that the Chairperson may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the CC Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer.

Pursuant to section 270(1) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate my power under section 66(1)(c) of the HR Act to determine that a complaint about corruption may also be a human rights complaint to:

**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director, Integrity Services**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Strategy, Prevention and Legal**  
**Director, Review**  
**Director, Assessment**  
**Manager, Assessment**  
**Manager, Team 6 Corruption Operations**  
**Principal Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Senior Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Principal Complaints Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Review Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Complaints and Indigenous Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**

This Instrument of Delegation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this  day of December 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION**

*Human Rights Act 2019 (Qld)*

Sections 66(1)(c)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 252(2)(b) and 270(1)

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a designated referral entity under section 66(1)(c) of the *Human Rights Act 2019* (the HR Act). As such, should the Commission receive a complaint about corruption under the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) that the Chairperson may also consider to be a human rights complaint, under section 66(2) of the HR Act, the complaint can be dealt with by the Commission under the CC Act or, with the consent of the person who could make the human rights complaint, referred to the Human Rights Commissioner.


Section 252(2)(b) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson can perform the other functions, and exercise the other powers, conferred on the Chairperson under the CC Act or another Act.

Section 270(1) of the CC Act provides, so far as is relevant, that the Chairperson may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the CC Act or another Act to an appropriately qualified commission officer.

Pursuant to section 270(1) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby delegate my power under section 66(1)(c) of the HR Act to determine that a complaint about corruption may also be a human rights complaint to:

**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director, Integrity Services**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Strategy, Prevention and Legal**  
**Director, Review**  
**Director, Assessment**  
**Manager, Assessment**  
**Manager, Team 6 Corruption Operations**  
**Principal Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Senior Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Principal Complaints Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Review Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Complaints and Indigenous Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**

This Instrument of Delegation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this  day of December 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

## INSTRUMENT OF SUB-DELEGATION

*Human Rights Act 2019 (Qld)*

Sections 66(2)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)*

Section 269

The Crime and Corruption Commission (the Commission) is a designated referral entity under section 66(1)(c) of the *Human Rights Act 2019* (the HR Act). As such, should the Commission receive a complaint about corruption under the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) that the Chairperson may also consider to be a human rights complaint, under section 66(2) of the HR Act, the complaint can be dealt with by the Commission under the CC Act or, with the consent of the person who could make the human rights complaint, referred to the Human Rights Commissioner.


Section 269(1)(b) of the CC Act provides that the Commission's functions and powers under the CC Act or another Act, other than the Commission's functions under sections 234, 251(1) and (2) and 259, are delegated to the Chairperson, except those functions and powers delegated to the Chief Executive Officer under section 269(1)(a).

Further, section 269(5) of the CC Act provides that the Chairperson of the Commission may sub-delegate a function or power of the Commission delegated to the Chairperson under subsection (1) to an appropriately qualified commission officer. The Chairperson's power to sub-delegate is subject to the limitations in section 269(6) and any other limitations in the CC Act or another Act.

Pursuant to section 269(5) of the CC Act, I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission hereby sub-delegate my power under section 66(2) of the HR Act to determine whether a complaint will be dealt with by the Commission under the CC Act or referred to the Human Rights Commission with the consent of the person who could make the human rights complaint to:

**Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)**  
**Executive Director, Integrity Services**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Operations**  
**Executive Director, Corruption Strategy, Prevention and Legal**  
**Director, Review**  
**Director, Assessment**  
**Manager, Assessment**  
**Manager, Team 6 Corruption Operations**  
**Principal Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Senior Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Lawyers, Corruption Legal**  
**Principal Complaints Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**  
**Senior Review Officer, Integrity Services**  
**Complaints and Indigenous Complaints Officers, Integrity Services**

This Instrument of Sub-Delegation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this  day of December 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*  
Sections 352(3)(f) and 675(1)-(3)

*Crime and Corruption Act 2001*  
Sections 130(2)(e), 166(3), 269, and 342

**STANDING AUTHORISATION TO INSPECT CC ACT WARRANTS REGISTER  
INCLUDING CCC'S PPRA REGISTER OF COVERT ACTS**

**Background**

Access to warrant registers

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) must keep a register of prescribed information (CCC warrants register). Section 166 of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* (CC Act) and Part 4 of the *Crime and Corruption Regulation 2015* (CC Regulation) state the prescribed information to be kept. This includes information about applications for a search warrant, additional powers warrant, covert search warrant (CSW) or surveillance device warrant (SDW).

Section 664(1) of the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000* (PPRA) requires both the Queensland Police Service and the CCC to keep a register of covert acts. The prescribed information that needs to be kept includes information about applications for CSW and SDW made under the PPRA. Section 361(2) of the PPRA also requires both the QPS and CCC to keep a SDW register. This register must be or form part of the register of covert acts (s. 361(3)). The CCC complies with sections 361 and 664 of the PPRA by keeping prescribed information about covert acts in the CCC warrants register. This is authorised by s. 664(2) of the PPRA.

Access to the CCC warrants register, which includes the PPRA register of covert acts, is restricted (s. 166(2) CC Act and s. 674 PPRA). However, the chairperson may, in writing, authorise others to inspect the registers (ss. 166(3), 269, 272 and 342 CC Act and s. 675(1)-(3) PPRA). Section 166(4) of the CC Act and section 675(2) of the PPRA prescribe circumstances when inspection can be granted.

The *Warrants and Enforcement Act Policy and Procedure* (December 2018) further prescribes that information about a “confidential warrant” may only be disclosed with the chairperson’s written approval. A “confidential warrant” is defined as: a search warrant that states that it is a confidential document; an additional powers warrant subject to a condition of confidentiality; a covert search warrant or a surveillance device warrant.

Using or communicating surveillance device information

Generally it is an offence to use, communicate or publish ‘protected information’ (ss. 352(1) and (2) PPRA). There are exceptions, including communications approved by the chairperson (s. 352(3)(f)). ‘Protected information’ is defined in section 351 of the PPRA to include any information obtained from the use of a surveillance device under a warrant; and any information about an application for, or issue of, a SDW.

Similarly, under section 130(2)(e) CC Act, the chairperson may authorise a person to disclose information obtained under a CC Act SDW (relevant information).

The Senior Property Officer and Records Manager

The positions of Senior Property Officer and Records Manager discharge duties to maintain, and to monitor legislative compliance of, the CCC warrants register.



The Chief Executive Officer

The Chief Executive Officer holds a delegation from the chairperson under section 166 (3) of the CC Act and section 675 of the PPRA to authorise a person to inspect the CCC warrants register which includes the PPRA register of covert acts.

**Authorisation**

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, hereby:

**AUTHORISE and APPROVE** pursuant to sections 130(2)(e), 166(3), 269, 272 and 342 of the CC Act and sections 352(3)(f) and 675(1)-(3) of the PPRA, the CCC officers holding the position specified in PART A to inspect, use and disclose to another CCC officer any information specified in PART B, for the purpose specified in PART C of the Schedule.

**SCHEDULE**

**PART A**

- Senior Property Officer
- Records Manager
- Chief Executive Officer

**PART B**

Any of the following other than the disclosure of information about a “confidential warrant” (which requires the chairperson’s written approval)

- Any information in the CCC warrants register
- Any information in the PPRA register of covert acts forming part of the CCC warrants register
- Any protected information under section 352 of the PPRA
- Any relevant information under section 130 of the CC Act

**PART C**

For an investigation into major crime or corruption, or a confiscation related investigation for which the information in the CCC warrants register may be relevant

For maintaining the CCC warrants register including the CCC’s PPRA register of covert acts

For preparing an application for a SW, CSW or SDW under the CC Act or a SW, CSW, SDW, retrieval warrant or other covert act under division 2, part 2, chapter 21 of the PPRA

To monitor compliance with the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001* and the *Police Powers and Responsibilities Act 2000*

**THIS STANDING AUTHORITY** revokes the previous authorisation to these positions dated 14 December 2018 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED at Brisbane this 10<sup>th</sup> day of July 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
[Section 40]

**AUTHORISATION OF OFFICERS TO MAKE  
TELECOMMUNICATIONS WARRANT APPLICATIONS  
BY TELEPHONE**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 40(3) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of the CCC may authorise persons, or classes of persons, who are entitled to make an application to an eligible Judge or nominated AAT member for a warrant in respect of a telecommunications service or a person by telephone.

The Chairman of the CMC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission authorise the following classes of persons to make an application to an eligible Judge or nominated AAT member for a warrant in respect of a telecommunications service or a person by telephone:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Executive Director Crime Operations
3. Director Crime Operations
4. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)
5. Executive Director Corruption Operations
6. Directors Corruption Operations

This Authorisation revokes the previous authorisation under the TIA Act dated 1 July 2014 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED AT BRISBANE this <sup>26<sup>th</sup></sup> day of August 2019



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications Interception Act 2009 (Qld)*  
[Section 16]

DELEGATION OF POWER TO GIVE REPORT  
TO STATE MINISTER

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979 (Cth)* (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 270(1) of the *Crime and Corruption Act 2001 (Qld)* (CC Act), the Chairperson may delegate the Chairperson's powers under the CC Act or another Act, to an appropriately qualified commission officer.

An 'appropriately qualified' commission officer is defined in Schedule 2 of the CC Act to mean 'having the qualifications, experience or standing appropriate to exercise the power or to be appointed'.

Pursuant to section 16(a) of the *Telecommunications Interception Act 2009 (Qld)* (TI Act Qld), the chief officer of an eligible authority must give the Minister within 3 months after a warrant issued to the authority stops being in force, a written report about:

- (i) the use made by the authority of information obtained by interceptions under the warrant; and
- (ii) the communication of that information to persons other than officers of the authority.

'Chief officer' of an eligible authority is defined in the Schedule to the TI Act Qld to mean the Chairperson of the CCC. 'Eligible authority' is defined in the Schedule to the TI Act Qld to mean the CCC.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission:

Delegate to the **Executive Director, Legal, Risk and Compliance** pursuant to section 270(1) of the CC Act, my functions and powers under the following section and subject to any expressed conditions:

Section 16 (a) *Telecommunications Interception Act 2009 (Qld)*

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations of the powers and functions under the TI Act Qld referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this ~~15~~<sup>13</sup> day of October 2020.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**APPOINTMENT OF AN AUTHORISING OFFICER TO  
AUTHORISE RECEIPT OF INFORMATION OBTAINED UNDER  
TELECOMMUNICATION INTERCEPTION WARRANT**

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
Section 66(4)

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 66(4) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of the CCC may appoint officers of the CCC to be authorising officers for the purpose of authorising persons, or classes of persons, as referred to in section 55(3)(a) to (c) of the TIA Act to receive information obtained by interception under warrants, or classes of warrants, issued to the agency under section 66(2) of the TIA Act.

I. **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC pursuant to section 66(4) of the TIA Act appoint the following officers of the CCC to be authorising officers for the purpose of section 66(2) of the TIA Act:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)

This Appointment revokes all previous Appointments under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**APPOINTMENT OF AN APPROVING OFFICER TO APPROVE  
EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY CONFERRED BY A  
TELECOMMUNICATIONS INTERCEPTION WARRANT**

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
[Section 55]

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act. Pursuant to section 55(4) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of the CCC may appoint an officer of the CCC as an approving officer to approve any of the persons referred to in section 55 (3) to exercise the authority conferred by a warrant, or classes of warrants issued to the CCC, including:

- Officers, or classes of officers, of the CCC or another agency
- Staff members, or classes of staff members, of the CCC or another agency.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC pursuant to section 55(4) of the TIA Act appoint the following officers of the CCC to be approving officers for the purpose of section 55(3) of the TIA Act:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)

This Appointment revokes all previous Appointments under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
**Chairperson**

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
[Section 55]

**APPROVAL TO EXERCISE AUTHORITY CONFERRED BY A  
TELECOMMUNICATIONS INTERCEPTION WARRANT**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 55(3) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of the CCC may approve any of the following persons to exercise the authority conferred by a warrant, or classes of warrants issued to the CCC:

- Officers, or classes of officers, of the CCC or another agency; or
- Staff members, or classes of staff members, of the CCC or another agency.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the Commission pursuant to section 55(3) of the TIA Act approve the following persons to exercise the authority conferred by warrants, or classes of warrants, issued to the CCC:

1. All officers within the Electronic Collections Unit, Crime and Corruption Commission.
2. All officers within Corporate Legal, Crime and Corruption Commission.
3. All officers within Technical Capability, Technical Intelligence Capability Branch, Capability Division, Australian Criminal Intelligence Commission.
4. All staff in the Victorian Police Special Projects Unit, Covert Services Division, Intelligence and Covert Support Command, Victorian Police Force.

This Approval revokes all previous approvals of the powers and functions under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 30<sup>th</sup> day of July 2021.



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**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

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## AUTHORISATION

### QUEENSLAND CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
Section 5AB

Pursuant to section 5AB(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act), I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson, as head of the Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC), authorise the following management offices or management positions in the CCC to be authorised officers for the purposes of subparagraph (b)(iii) of the definition of authorised officer in section 5(1) of the TIA Act:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
3. Executive Director Corruption Operations
4. Executive Director Crime Operations
5. General Manager Operations Support
6. Directors Corruption Operations
7. Director Corruption Strategic Intelligence
8. Director Crime Operations
9. Manager Electronic Collections and Intelligence Support Units
10. Manager Crime Strategy
11. Senior Intelligence Analyst

This Authorisation revokes all previous authorisations under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this        4th        day of May 2021.



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**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
[Section 7(2)(aaa)]

**APPOINTMENT OF OFFICERS TO ENGAGE IN NETWORK  
PROTECTION DUTIES**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an enforcement agency and an eligible authority pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act).

The Chairperson of the CCC is a 'responsible person for a computer network' in relation to the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

'Communication' is defined in section 5(1) of the TIA Act to include messages in the form of speech, music or other sounds, data, text, visual images, signals, or in any other form or combination of forms.

Section 5(1) of the TIA Act defines 'network protection duties' in relation to a computer network operated by, or on behalf of the CCC, to mean duties relating to ensuring that the network is appropriately used by employees, office holders or contractors of the CCC.

Pursuant to section 7(2)(aaa) of the TIA Act, a responsible person for a computer network may authorise a person to intercept the communication of another person in order to:

- (i) engage in network protection duties in relation to the network; and
- (ii) it is reasonably necessary for the person to intercept the communication in order to perform network protection duties effectively.

I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, pursuant to 7(2)(aaa) of the TIA Act, authorise persons in the following positions to engage in network protection duties in relation to the network and, where reasonably necessary, to intercept communications in order to perform network duties effectively:

- All officers within Information Technology
- Manager Information Technology
- Executive Director Information Services.

This Authorisation revokes the previous authorisation of the powers and functions under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and dated 3 May 2019 and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 26<sup>th</sup> day of August 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson



# INSTRUMENT OF DELEGATION POWER TO REVOKE WARRANT

## QUEENSLAND CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
Section 57

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 57(1)(a) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of an agency may, at any time, by signed writing, revoke a warrant issued to the agency.

Pursuant to section 57(4) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of an agency may delegate the power under section paragraph (1)(a) to a certifying officer of the agency. A certifying officer for the CCC is defined in section 5(1) of the TIA Act as the Chairperson, Senior Executive Officer (Crime) and Senior Executive Officer (Corruption).

Pursuant to section 57(4) of the TIA Act I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, delegate to the following certifying officers of the CCC the power pursuant to 57(1)(a) of the TIA Act to revoke warrants issued to the CCC:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)

This Instrument of Delegation revokes all previous delegations under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, by the Chairperson.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.

  
**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

# AUTHORISATION OF OFFICERS TO COMMUNICATE LAWFULLY INTERCEPTED INFORMATION

## QUEENSLAND CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
Section 68

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is an agency pursuant to section 5(1) of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for telecommunications interception warrants pursuant to section 39 of the TIA Act.

The Chairperson of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 68 of the TIA Act, the chief officer of an agency may authorise officers of the agency to communicate lawfully intercepted information that was originally obtained by the CCC or interception warrant information to an officer of an eligible agency as defined in section 68.

Pursuant to section 68 of the TIA Act I, **Alan John MacSporran QC**, Chairperson of the CCC, authorise the following officers of the CCC to communicate lawfully intercepted information or interception warrant information that was originally obtained by the CCC.

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)
3. Executive Director Crime Operations
4. Executive Director Corruption Operations

This Authorisation revokes all previous Authorisations of the powers and functions under the TIA Act referred to in this instrument and shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

DATED AT BRISBANE this 28<sup>th</sup> day of October 2019.



**A J MacSporran QC**  
Chairperson

**QUEENSLAND  
CRIME AND CORRUPTION COMMISSION**

*Telecommunications (Interception and Access) Act 1979*  
[Section 111]

**AUTHORISATION OF OFFICERS TO MAKE STORED  
COMMUNICATIONS WARRANT APPLICATIONS  
BY TELEPHONE**

The Crime and Corruption Commission (CCC) is a criminal law-enforcement agency pursuant to section 110A of the *Telecommunications (Interceptions and Access) Act 1979* (Cth) (TIA Act) and is permitted to make applications for stored communications warrants pursuant to section 110 of the TIA Act.

Pursuant to section 111(3) of the TIA Act, the chief officer of the CCC may authorise persons, or classes of persons, who are entitled to make an application to an eligible Judge or nominated AAT member for a stored communications warrant by telephone.

The Chairman of the CCC is the 'chief officer' of the CCC, pursuant to section 5(1) of the TIA Act.

**I, ALAN JOHN MACSPORRAN QC**, Chairperson of the CCC authorise the following classes of persons to make an application to an eligible Judge or nominated AAT member for a stored communications warrant by telephone:

1. Senior Executive Officer (Crime)
2. Executive Director Crime Operations
3. Director Crime Operations
4. Senior Executive Officer (Corruption)
5. Executive Director Corruption Operations
6. Director Corruption Operations

this authorisation shall remain in full force and effect until revoked, either in whole or in part, in writing.

Dated at Brisbane this 21<sup>st</sup> day of October 2019

  
**A J MACSPORRAN QC**  
Chairperson